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VOL 29 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1894. NO 13

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.

My visit this week was chiefly to the Agricultural side of the College. At the Experiment Station the Director, Dr. Armsby, with his efficient aids, Dr. Frear, Prof. Watters, Prof. Calder and Miss Grey, the Secretary, were all busy at their several departments but very kindly showed us the work as it was being done by the students at this time. In the class rooms the theoretical side was being pushed most vigorously and in the Creamery, at the barn and on the farm the practical work was being done in a most thorough, plain business way. We were shown how the grain, hay, fodder and ensilage were grown, gathered and prepared with the cost at each stage. The system and plan of feeding with the results reached in each case. The herd of cattle here consists of sixty cows and two bulls—very fine specimens of the Guernsey breed. The cows are not all pure bred, but are selections from good stock bred with the Guernsey males until one of the finest and best herds in the state is the result. A standard of excellence is established for each season and the cows that fail to come up to the mark are put on the market at once. Last season the standard was fixed at 200 pounds of butter and one of the finest cows in the herd, a thoroughbred Guernsey that produced but 116 lbs. was sold because she was not profitable to keep.

Another cow, a thoroughbred Jersey, weighing 700 lbs., just closed her first season with a yield of 375 lbs. of butter, or more than half her weight, on a feed of eight pounds of grain feed per day, composed of a mixture proportioned, 150 lbs. Gluten meal, 100 lbs. cotton seed meal and 100 lbs. coarse bran. This cows pays and is kept for future dairy use and for breeding. At the other barn we saw 20 fat steers of the short horn breed. All "blocky," compact animals, showing an average weight of about 1400 pounds. For four years last past the fat cattle from these stables have been taken for export to London, England, because of the careful method of feeding and caring for them, and of course a nice premium is paid for them. They are under the care of Mr. Patterson, the Superintendent of the farm, and one of the best, if not the best farmer in the state. To see the arrangement of these barns, the method of caring for and feeding the stock, and the economy that is practiced throughout would well repay any farmer in the state to visit this place and spend time enough to study every department. On Tuesday I had the honor of dining at the Ladies' Cottage with Col. Gilkeson and wife, General Hastings and daughter, Col. Woodward, Mrs. Spangler and Miss Holiday who were visiting the College with a view to learning more about this institution that is so rapidly gaining an enviable reputation throughout all our Commonwealth. When the Chairman of the Republican Committee, the next Governor of the state and representatives from the leading circles of business and society, take the time and the trouble to visit this institution and to learn of its work, should not our farmers feel sufficiently interested to determine what it is doing for them? Go up to your College, take your wives, your sons and your daughters, see the three hundred young men and women who are at work there, see the work that is being done for them and by them and be convinced that the College of yours is a grand institution and well deserves your hearty support and co-operation. Nothing will afford me more pleasure than to furnish you any information at my command at any time, no trouble to me, no cost to you.

Most sincerely,
H. V. White.

THE COLD WAVE.

The extraordinary warm weather of the past few weeks has been followed by a remarkably cold wave. Wednesday of last week was the warmest day ever known for the month of March, and less than a week later the Mercury drops 60 degrees, and gives us several of the coldest days ever known for March. On Monday and Tuesday the thermometer registered 18 and 16 degrees in the morning and remained below the freezing point all day. It was truly a cold wave. Nor was it local, because it prevailed in Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, west of us; and where fruit trees were in blossom or ready to burst, they will likely be killed. The peach and cherry trees suffer very much.

COXEY'S ARMY IN HARD LUCK.

Cold Weather Drives Fifty-Eighth of the Soldiers to the Police Station for Shelter.

STILL CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

Less Than Seventy-Five Men in Line But Everything is Working According to Schedule.

CANTON, O., March 26.—When the sun rose on Camp Lexington this morning not a soldier of the "Commonweal" army was visible. The cold weather had driven them all out of their big tent during the night. Fifty-eight of them had gone to the police station, where they were given lodging on the cold stone floor. Others had scattered in different directions, many of them to return no more. Those who assembled this morning in camp were given breakfast.

Coxey, Browne and the other leaders slep comfortably at the hotel. An examination of the court records this morning showed mortgages against Coxey's property to the extent of $48.000, and the claim that he would not be able to pay ten cents on the dollar if pressed seems pretty well founded. He leaves the army at Alliance to go to Chicago, but claims he will be absent only one night. Browne said this morning: "All hell can't stop this movement now. I have foreseen from the start just how it would be. I knew exactly how many men would start with us, what the weather would be, and all that. You can make up your mind that the kingdom of Heaven is at hand."

What was left of the army breakfasted on bread and boiled bacon and black coffee. Coxey says the cold weather and the newspapers will be unsuccessful in defeating his project. God is with him, he declares and his army will number a thousand men inside of forty eight hours. The weather was very cold this morning and the Commonweal soldiers, being thinly clad, suffered. There were many loud complaints and threats of desertion until better weather favored the movement. Camp Lexington was broken at eleven o'clock and the start for Louisville was made. Less than seventy-five men were in line, but Coxey and his lieutenants claimed everything was working according to the celestial schedule with which they have been furnished.

TRAPPED AND SHOT A THIEF.

A STORE PROPRIETOR AWAKENED AT NIGHT LIES IN WAIT FOR HIS MAN.

PLYMOUTH, PA., March 25.—The stealing of flour from C. J. Boyle's store will likely cost George Jones his life. He broke into the store shortly after midnight and carried off two sacks of flour before he was heard.

When he returned for the third sack the servant girl heard him and gave the alarm. The proprietor dressed, and, taking a revolver, went to the storeroom. He concealed himself behind some barrels and awaited developments.

In less than 20 minutes the burglar returned. He removed his shoes at the door, and, entering, picked up another sack of flour. The groceryman sprung from his hiding place, and commanded the thief to halt. The latter dropped the flour and started to run, and Boyle fired. The bullet struck him in the back.

The thief fell to the ground and cried for mercy. Boyle called the police, and when the wounded burglar was removed to the station house it was found that he was George Jones.

It is not known as yet whether the wound will cause his death. Jones said he stole the flour because his family needed bread.

More Appointments By Collector Herring.

Collector Grant Herring announces the following appointments: William T. Burke, of Scranton, general storekeeper and guager at the main office; John F. Brosius, of Clinton County, to be deputy collector for Centre, Clinton, and Union Counties; Sylvanus Weaver to be deputy collector of Northampton County; F. L. Magee, guager and storekeeper at Reigh's distillery in Union County; Joseph Habershaw of Clinton County, stamp clerk, and Jasper N. Brooks, storekeeper and guager at Pleasant Mount distillery, Centre County.

At the annual meeting of the congregation of St. Paul's P. E. Church last Monday evening, the following persons were elected Vestrymen: C. F. Knapp, J. G. Freeze, Geo. E. Elwell, Paul E. Wirt, G. S. Robbins, J. G. Wells, and John R. Townsend.

BRIEF MENTION

About People You Know.

Invitations are out for a progressive euchre party at Mrs. Paul E. Wirt's on Friday night.

Geo. K. Heddens was the guest of his brother, P. B. Heddens, last week.

Montgomery Smith spent the Easter holidays at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Leverett, of Wilkes-Barre, spent Eastsr Sunday in Bloomsburg.

Miss Helen Harman, of Norristown, is visiting relatives in town.

Guy Jacoby Esq. moves into his new house on Pine street.

Mrs. H. O. Rodgers of Hazleton has been visiting Bloomsburg relatives.

Albert Stookey, of Shickshinny, spent Easter among relatives in Espy.

William Magill Esq., spent Easter with his parents in Danville.

Carl Wirt is at home from school to spend his Easter vacation.

C. C. Peacock has sold a lot of ground on Fifth street to C. B. McHenry of Benton.

Louis Townsend and family, of Berwick, spent Easter with their Bloomsburg relatives.

H. V. White went to State College on Monday to attend a committee meeting.

M. P. Lutz is able to be out again, after being in bed for several weeks.

John P. Hannon of Conyngham township has been quite sick. We wish him a speedy recovery.

The Ladies' Whist Club was entertained at Mrs. Hanly's, Berwick, on Thursday night.

Paul Armand has been spending a few days in New York recently. He is foreman of the Brass and Copper Works.

The Lafayette College boys were entertained at C. W. Miller's on Monday night after the concert.

Mr. and Mrs. Layton Runyon and Mrs. C. W. Runyon left home on Monday to visit relatives in Newark, Allentown and Bethlehem.

Little Miss Helen Fornwald was agreeably surprised last Wednesday, by about twelve of her little friends. Their mission was to celebrate her fifth birthday, and their efforts were well rewarded by the enjoyable time they had.

ARGUMENT COURT.

Court convened Tuesday a. m. with Judge Ikeler and Associates Murphy and Millard on the bench.

Bottlers license of Cameron & Sheep transferred to Sheep & Giger.

Hotel license of Mrs. White at Espy transferred to W. J. Purman.

Petition for rule to strike off satisfaction of judgment of A. J. Ikeler vs. B. & S. R. R. Co. as to costs. Rule granted and returnable first Monday of May court.

Allen Mann's executors vs. John S. Mann and Clinton Brobst. Petition of Clinton Brobst for order to open judgment. Rule granted, returnable May court.

Lloyd Fox appointed guardian of Wm. May.

Alice D. Sharretts vs. Luther B. Sharretts. Libel in divorce filed. Subpœna awarded.

J. D. Bodine vs. Col. Co. Judgment in open court for $503.06 by consent of parties.

Sale of real estate of Martha Cole, dec'd, ordered.

Estate of Jacob Moyer. Petition for rule to show cause why residuary legatees shall not be parties to record, &c. Rule granted returnable next court.

John Harmony vs. Mary A. Harmony. Divorce decreed.

Estate of David Stroup, exceptions of residuary legatees presented.

John F. Chapin vs. Z. A. Butt et al. Additional reasons for new trial filed. Now March 27th the within reasons permitted to be filed under objection of counsel for defendant.

Mary A. Knorr et al. vs. Bloomsburg Iron Co. Petition for a rule to show cause why the appointment of the Receiver shall not be revoked or modified. Rule granted as prayed for, returnable April 6, 1894.

In the matter of the appeal of Wm. Miller, of Berwick, where his appeal as defendant had been stricken off on a former occasion, the court again reinstated said appeal.

A petition was presented to inquire into the sanity of John Vanderslice with a view of sending him to the Danville Hospital, but the court informed the parties that notice had been sent to all courts not to send any more patients as there was no room. The petition was ordered filed.

Time for filing an answer by the old board of county commissioners, and by ex treasurer Kline in the matter of the appeal from the annual settlement was extended to April 6th.

Anjourned until April 6th.

This year's annual Sunday School convention is to be held in the court house in Bloomsburg May 24 and 25. The executive committee are planning in conjunction with the Bloomsburg workers to have an interesting and profitable time.

This is the Great Historical Series. It is what you have waited for. Be sure you get it. IT IS READY!

DON'T Forget what the Scriptures say about the Best Wine coming at the end of the Feast. Having this in mind

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND WAITED
SECRETARY CARLISLE WAITED
MR. CHAUNCEY DEPEW WAITED

FOR THE MAGIC CITY.

It is a well-known fact that President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle, Mr. Chuncey Depew and many other distinguished people attended

The World's Fair

only one or two days each. Why they did not remain longer has been a profound secret until the present moment. The papers have had a great deal to say about it and much speculation has been indulged in as to why these distinguished persons should apparently care so little for

The Grandest Exposition the World has ever known.

But at last the secret is out. They found that it would be impossible to see the Fair and learn all about the thousands of wonderful and astonishing things that were there exhibited, unless they remained all summer. They also learned that a

Complete Official Pictorial History of the World's Fair and the Midway Plaisance

was in course of preparation, and would be published soon after the close of the exposition, under the appropriate and attractive title of

THE MAGIC CITY,

Containing over 300 Grand Photographic Views.

Therefore, being wise men, they decided to wait until they could have an opportunity of visiting and studying the great Fair and the wonderful and astonishing features of the Midway Plaisance in their own homes and at their own firesides.

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THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday April 2, 1894, the summer arrangement of trains on the Bloomsburg and Sullivan R. R. will be as follows:

SOUTHWARD.

Morning passenger train leave Jamison City 5.50 a. m.

A mixed passenger and freight leave Jamison City 12.20 p. m.

Evening passenger train leave Jamison City 5.00 p. m.

Above trains will reach D. L. & W. depot, Bloomsburg 7.20 a. m., 3.20 p. m., and 6.30 p. m., respectively.

NORTHWARD.

Morning passenger train leave Bloomsburg D. L. & W. depot, 8.35 a. m.

A mixed passenger and freight train leave Bloomsburg D. L. & W. depot, 12.30 p. m.

Evening passenger train leave Bloomsburg D. L. & W. depot, 6.40 p. m.

Reaching Jamison City, 10.05 a. m., 4.00 p. m. and 8.10 p. m. respectively.

There will be no services in St. Paul's P. E. church on Sunday next. Sunday School will be held at the usual hour.

"The Drummer Boy of Shiloh" was played three nights last week at the Opera House by home talent, under the direction of Mr. Fred. Weigle. The attendance was small, owing to unfavorable weather and the fact that it was Holy Week, and services were held in many of the churches. On Tuesday night it was repeated for the benefit of the cast, and the hall was well filled. It is said to be one of the best performances ever given here by amateurs. The music was furnished each night by C. P. Elwell's orchestra and it was well rendered and greatly enjoyed.

L. S. Winterstein Esq. has sold his interest in his office buiding to the First National Bank for $16,000. It included his half interest and the share of Clifton Knorr which was bought by Mr. Wintersteen some time ago.

A notice in the postoffice advises everybody to have their name printed or written upon the upper left-hand corner of the envelope, so that there may be no occasion for its going to the Dead Letter office. Get your envelopes printed at this office. It will cost but a trifle and saves lots of trouble.

"PIRON" "PIRON" "PIRON"

That is the name of the New Boy's Suit being introduced by J. M. Gidding & Co. the Clothiers. It has double knees, double seat, is double sewed, and will give Double Wear, and costs no more than the ordinary suit. Their "Mother's Friend" Patent shirt Waist for Boy's is also inviting your inspection. If you want to see two of the best things (for Boy's Wear) in the market, step into their store and look them over. They will appreciate a call from you.

The Lafayette College Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Club gave a very enjoyable entertainment at the Opera House last Monday evening. No one expected to find in them a first class professional company of artists, but for amateurs they did very well. The instrumental part was better than the vocal, still every piece was vigorously applauded, and the boys cheerfully responded to numerous encores. They are a jolly set of young gentlemen, and they are out for a good time within proper limits, and they are having it. Such organizations are always welcome here.

An exclamation heard everywhere nowadays is "Don't touch that arm, I am vaccinated."

THE GATE AJAR.

'Tis sometimes given one to behold
A glimpse of the city whose streets of gold
St. John revealed in his vision rare,
In words which spoke it wondrous fair.
And so 'tis known that when things go wrong
A trusted officer shadows the throng
That dwell where gems in twinkling glee
Shed limpid light on the Jasper Sea.
St. Peter, grown so old and sere,
Mustneeds sit down in the armchair near,
And his poor old brain, for ages taxed,
Had often of late intermittent relaxed.
He could not, in brief, keep up with the pace
Of this galloping, breathless, half-frenzied race;
And so, 'tis no wonder, in his infirm speel,
He sent the man to heaven, the woman to hell.

At Satan's threshold she stood dejected;
A thin, worn wreck the furnace reflected;
Too weak to stand, too dazed to see
His royal Satanic majesty.
Then spake the Arch Fiend, with gesture queer,
"We want neither fools nor dead folks here.
Cast her forth whence she came; and let nature's economy
Relegate her from her present anatomy!"
Now we're told that those in the bottomless pit
May sometimes look where the patriarchs sit;
And Satan, having lived in heaven so long,
Knew just where to find in that happy throng
The man late accepted. His harp of gold
Lay listless by; his white wings volumes told;
For they closely folded a snoring saint,
So full of ambrosia it made one faint.
The angels played their best, but he
Could sleep through all eternity.
The Arch Fiend laughed, and with hypnotic hold
Led Gabriel to see he'd been shamefully sold.
Then watched, as his wont, when he's set things brewing,
And hoped soon to have that fat man stewing.
"Wake up!" said Gabriel; "no loafing here.
It's work, work, work, year after year!
That harp is to play on, those wings to fly
On errands of mercy, in the sweet by and bye."
But the man's dull gaze bespoke a shell
In which no spark of manhood could dwell.
And Gabriel saw that this wouldn't do,
And the woman had been most wronged of the two.

The angelic guard stood musing long:
Then said: "My friend, on earth no song
Ere 'scaped your lips to cheer a soul.
You smoked and swore and played the role
Of fatuous gourmand—your shining jowl
Bears witness, and she, perforce, must howl
And pray for very pity of it. Now swear,
By this bright sword, by Michael there,
By yonder reeking pit, that she, your wife,
Ne'er tore from your scalp a hair in her life.
And swear, for I know it, she could cook without books;
For your stomach is puffed past the bounds of good looks;
And honestly own that your genial smile
Oft passed through her heart, like a rusty file,
If she snubbed you at length, who brought it to pass?
You started all right with your bonnie lass,
But you lost your nerve, grew sluggish, too,
And as your hair shed her beardlet grew.
And last, but worst, when your poor wife felt
That her summons had come, she came and knelt
With you, Knave! with you; and tried her best
To pass you in to heavenly rest.
But when the imp led her away,
And you were ushered into endless day,
No backward glance, no pleading word
For her lost soul from you was heard.
Now if you'd have said, as you passed through,
My dear old Peter, let her come, too;
And if she can't sit quite as high as I
'Tis better than sending her there to fry!
I'd have saved you—but now you must go,
Shivering, quivering, down below;
And unless some fate arrest your doom
You're booked henceforth for a living tomb."
* * * * * * * *
The sun was gilding vale and rill
As a man and his wife climbed Zion's hill.
He—cast from heaven, she—driven from hell,
Had met once more the old story to tell.
Her face was fair, her voice so low
The husband scarce knew if 'twere she or no.
And his manly grace and martial air
Stamped them anew, a well-matched pair.
And so the Scriptures had come to pass:
"The last shall be first and the first shall be last."—Mrs. Edwin G. Reynolds.

DRAMA OF TWO WOMEN.

In a room, half-study, half-bedroom, two women were talking. They were both young, both moderately good-looking, and both, in a different way, had intelligent bright eyes that observed much and betrayed little. One woman was a small, passionate person with a delicate mouth, and she was called Isabel.

The other woman was a small, passionate person, with full, pale lips and an aggressive chin. She was called Lillian.

It was a cool summer evening, after dinner, but the room seemed hot to both of them, owing to the point in discussion.

Isabel spoke:

"Yes, I have done with him altogether. Are you really surprised?"

"No, not in the least. I was surprised at the beginning of your friendship, but I was quite prepared for the end. You never understood each other."

"That is just it, and in consequence continually quarrelled. And continual argument is so tiresome. I assure you for months I have felt quite worn out."

"And he"—

"Oh, he." The woman's face softened. "I am very sorry, but I fear I must have been a trial, Lillian. I alternated between trying to act up to his idea of me and ruthlessly tearing it down. The curious fact is that he never had any instinctive recognition of my real self."

"Were you"—Lillian straightened her small person and arched the pretty pert chin—"were you ever really engaged, Isabel?"

The other answered rapidly:

"Oh, no! How could we be? I am so poor, and he earns very little. Now, if it had been you, with all your money, it might have been different. Still, I did look forward to marriage, when he would be jealous no longer, and I should be all his. And then I was jealous, too."

"You! Who were you jealous of, dear?"

"Wasn't it absurd, Lillian?—of you—and—of others."

"Well, I did know him long before you."

"Yes, and you were very great friends."

"Oh, he consulted me about everything."

Isabel trembling a little: "About me?"

"Well, yes, about you—sometimes."

"How horrid of him."

There was a pause. Isabel paced the room, and large tears appeared in her gray eyes, which she did not allow to fall. Lillian had two malicious dimples at the corners of her mouth, and in distinct contradiction to their presence she sighed.

"You see, Isabel, dear, you were not suited."

"How could we be?" broke out the other passionately. "In all his love for me, he had no trust; in all my love for him, there was a certain amount of fear. I am morbidly sensitive, and he wounded me day by day. He is sensitive, too, in a different way, and my wish to have him all to myself to rob him from his numerous lady friends, seemed absurd in his thinking. He refused to believe in the depths of my feelings, because I was timid in expressing them. I wanted him to understand me by instinct, and a man so often lacks that."

"He is very clever and has plenty of tact."

Isabel stopped short and faced her companion. "Tact is an elastic thing. In his case it was one-sided and only applied to his dealings with certain natures. As I said, he made a mistake about mine."

"Well" Lillian smiled and then sighed again. "It's all over now."

"And I remember," continued the other, as if she had not heard, "the first time I saw him. I remember the curious thrill, the curious certainty that came over me that he would play some large part in my life. I wonder if he remembers, too. I wonder if he remembers his first impression of me. I was horribly shy—and I knew he thought me pretty."

"He is a great admirer of female beauty, certainly," admitted Lillian dryly.

"Will you—shall you see him much now?"

"Surely, my dear Isabel, you can't expect me to give up an old friend just because you have quarrelled with him."

"But, still, he might talk of me."

"I don't think so. And if he did I can decline to discuss the subject."

The other suddenly knelt down beside her friend. In her small face, in her gray eyes, there was a hungry, wistful expression that Lillian could not be blind to and it gave her an uneasy pang.

"Lil, dear. Tell me. Do you think I have been very unwise?"

"No. Why?"

"Because my heart is aching till I can scarcely breathe. Because I am longing just to know what he is doing, not to be wholly shut out of his life. Because I—I am miserable."

"Oh! This is only for to-night. You will soon get over it."

With childlike submission the other asked simply: "Shall I?"

"Of course you will."

"Lil, do you think I should be very stupid if I tried to make it up?"

Her friend laughed harshly and a little nervously. "Quite mad," she said.

"Do you? I am not sure. I am so terribly lonely. He seemed my destiny. I miss him every hour of the day, and his letters by every post."

"You are quite maudlin, Isabel."

"What!" The woman sprang to her feet. "What did you say?"

"I meant that you are too ridiculous over this man, who didn't love you, and who never will; who never understood you and who was never appreciated by you in return. The sooner you forget him the better."

"I can't forget him."

"You must."

There was another pause. Isabel walked to the window, drew back the curtain and threw it open.

"I am suffocating!" she cried.

The other rose and stealthily seized her cloak from the bed.

"I can't forget him," Isabel repeated. "I love him. I want him now—always. I must write to him at once. I must—Lillian, what is the matter?"

"You are a little fool. The man is sick of you. You can't have him back."

"Why, how do you know? What do you mean? How dare you"—

"I mean that he proposed to me to-day and I accepted him."

She slipped on her cloak and tripped down stairs, and the other woman, who had been her friend, knelt silently by the open window with a face that seemed to be slowly growing old.—Black and White.

Veterans in Congress.

Less than 10 per cent. of the members of the House of Representatives have served more than ten years. Of the 356 members, 137 are serving their first term. Only 32 in all have been in Congress ten years or upward. An idea largely prevails that the Southern States have returned their members for continual service more generally than the Northern. This is not borne out by the records. On the contrary, the Northern States have been more generous to their representatives in that respect than the Southern. Of the number returned in the Northern section, Illinois is represented by 4; New York, 3; Pennsylvania, 3; Maine, 3; Missouri, 3; Michigan, 1; Kansas, 1; Vermont, 1; Iowa, 1; Indiana, 1; total, 21. In the Southern section Mississippi is represented by 2; Alabama, 2; Georgia, 2; Louisiana, 1; Arkansas, 1; Texas, 1; Tennessee, 1; Virginia, 1; total, 11. Grand total, 32.—Providence Journal.

Virtues of an Emetic.

There was a great deal of wisdom in the old practice of giving emetics, such as ipecac. It did a great deal of good. It might not be very pleasant, but it was effective. Now, if you had a real, first-class case of malaria, I don't know that I could do better than to advise a trip to Europe; or, if you should not be able to go to Europe, then a little ocean trip, out of sight of land, and the swell of the waves. There's nothing like an unloading, and you would soon feel very much better. In all these ills you get your stomach overloaded, your digestion fails, and you retain your food in your system. After a good emetic or an ocean trip has done its work you will wonder how you got along with such a vinegar factory inside of you.—Interview with a Doctor.

Ancient Use of Butter.

Butter, which is almost indispensable to the meal nowadays, was formerly used solely as an ointment. Herodotus, a Greek historian, is the first writer who mentioned butter, B. C. 500. The Spartans treated it very much the same as we do cold cream or vaseline, and Plutarch tells how a hostess was sickened at the sight of one of her visitors, a Spartan, who was saturated in butter. The Scythians introduced the article to the Greeks, and the Germans showed the Romans how to make it. But the latter did not use it for food. They like the Spartans, anointed their bodies with it.

Dyspepsia is in league with the devil.

BOORED MIRTH

Lawyer—Are you a single man? Witness—No, sor. Oi am a twin.—Indianapolis Journal.

"What a weary look that young woman has!" "Yes; she married the man she wanted."—New York Journal.

Agnes—Well, I want a husband who is easily pleased. Maud—Don't worry, dear; that's the kind you'll get.—Elmira Gazette.

"At last I have reached the turning-point of my life," remarked the convict when they put him on the treadmill.—Atlanta Constitution.

Jaspar—Is Carson married? Jumpuppe—He must be. He has been smoking bad cigars ever since Christmas.—New York Herald.

The fellow who starts out for a staying good time often has a barrel of fun before arriving at his home in a badly bunged-up condition. — Buffalo Courier.

Mamma—Lloyd, have you given any fresh water to your goldfish this morning? Lloyd—No, mamma; they haven't drunk up what they have in the globe already.—Harper's Young People.

"I've been lying low for some time now," said the Fire; "and I believe this is a good chance to go out." "Oh, no, you don't!" said the Coal, as the janitor dumped the hod; "I'm on to you!"—Puck.

"There's lots of good in that Mrs. Slack who lives up street." "Do you think so?" "I do; she is constantly borrowing things from her neighbors, yet she never has an ill word to say about any of them."—New York Press.

Bodkins—Doctor, how can insomnia be cured? Doctor—Well, the patient should count slowly and in a meditative manner 500, and then— Bodkins—That's all very well, doctor; but our baby can't count.—Life.

"She is a very good-hearted girl. Why, you should just see how that girl lavishes presents upon her chaperon and how kind she is to her." "You call that being good-hearted? I call it being level-headed."—New York Press.

Hotel Clerk—Did you tell that old gentleman from the country that he mustn't blow out the gas, as I told you? Barney (new boy)—Yis, sorr; but it's so afeard to thrust him Oi was, sorr, Oi blowed it owt mesilf, sorr.—Judge.

Jess—Did you know there was an ante-nuptial agreement between Mr. and Mrs. Slivers? Bess—No, but I'm not surprised. If they ever agreed about anything it must have been before they were married.—Kate Field's Washington.

Ballet Girl (to admirer)—Only think of it; the society for the prevention of cruelty to children was here to-day to inquire about me. Rival—What a shame; I can testify that you are very good to your grandchildren. — Kate Field's Washington.

She—Surely, Mr. Curtis, you cannot be serious. I have heard that you have told your friends that you wouldn't marry the best woman in the world. He—When I said that I had no idea that you would listen to a proposal from me.—Boston Transcript.

Penelope (triumphantly)—I heard last night that Jack was head over ears in love with me. Grace (jealously)—You cannot believe all you hear, Penelope—No; but I should not wonder if there was something in it. Grace—Why? Who told you? Penelope—He did.—Vogue.

"I never felt really discouraged about my husband until this year," sighed a gentle little woman the other day. "But when he mistook the folding sachet for ties which I gave him, for a dress-suit protector, and a little cut-glass olive dish for a soap tray, I began to despair about him."—New York World.

ART AND ARTISTS.

Mme. Schliemann is fulfilling the promise made to her late husband, and is personally superintending the excavations in Troy.

The fund for a monument to Gen. George B. McClellan for Philadelphia still lacks $5,000. The pedestal near the City Hall has been waiting for the statue several years.

The St. Botolph Club of Boston has passed resolutions applauding the clause in the pending tariff bill which frees paintings and statuary from duty.

The loan collection now open in Cleveland, O., contains Gov. Alger's large canvas by Munkacsy, "The Last Hours of Mozart;" paintings by Diaz, Cazin and Edward Moran, and sculptures by Miss Luella Varney, of Cleveland.

In Baltimore, the Sons of the American Revolution propose to affix to a building on the corner of Sharp and Baltimore streets a bronze tablet, setting forth that the Continental Congress met at that spot on the 20th of December, 1776.

A stag and a wolf by the sculptor Cain will stand in bronze at the foot of the grand staircase of the Chateau of Chantilly, which the Duc d'Aumale has presented to France, but which he inhabits and continually enriches with fresh works of art.

"Pocahontas and John Smith," by Victor Nehlig, an artist who used to exhibit a good deal at the National Academy between 1860 and 1870, is shown in the counting-room of a Washington journal. It gives the famous scene of Capt. John Smith's rescue by the daughter of Powhatan.

Three graduates of the Art Academy of Cincinnati won prizes in the annual competition at Paris among the pupils of the Julian Studios—Mrs. Newman, Van Briggle and Bryson Burroughs. The last named was at the Art Students' League in New York when he won the Chanler Paris prize and left for Paris.

At the exhibition held in Philadelphia by the Academy of Fine Arts, the Walter Lippincott prize of $300 was awarded to a painting of Breton peasant girls in church, called "St. Yves, Pray for Us," which obtained an honorable mention at Paris in the Salon of 1891. It is by W. Sergeant Kendal, of New York.

Puvis de Chavennes has been telling the League of Belgian Artists that a big jury of selection is not the best jury. His point is that responsibility is weakened in the individual juror because he is prone to trust to the decision of his neighbor instead of trying to form an independent judgment and boldly proclaiming it.

Blood Diseases

may be inherited, or acquired during life. Blood should be rich to insure health.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, cures all Blood Diseases, including Scrofula and Anaemia. It makes the blood rich and nourishing. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Persons troubled with skin eruptions and all who are thin or emaciated should take SCOTT'S EMULSION. Cures Coughs, Colds, and Weak Lungs.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. Druggists sell it.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

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Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

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Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

"Where Dirt Gathers, Waste Rules."

Great Saving results from the Use of

SAPOLIO

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

You don't feed your horse

with sawdust because it's cheap—of course not; but some people think they save money by using cheap "manures" on their farms.

There is a manure that's all manure—**that's Baugh's.**

Write us a postal card. Tell us the kind of crops you're raising. We'll send you a sample and tell you all about it free of charge. Address:

BAUGH & SONS COMPANY,

Manufacturers of Raw Bone Manures,

20 S. DELAWARE AVE., - PHILADELPHIA.

I AM NOW A **MAN!**

AS HE WAS. AS HE IS.

Chicago, Oct. 5, 1893.
"I was troubled with emissions and varicocele, and had been sexually weak for seven years. During the last four years I tried every remedy that was sold and got no relief for any of my troubles until I took CALTHOS—it cured and restored me and I am now a man."
(Extract from one of thousands of letters received by us.)

We will send you the marvelous French preparation CALTHOS *free*, by sealed mail, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will

STOP All Discharges and Emissions,
CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, and
RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it & pay if satisfied.

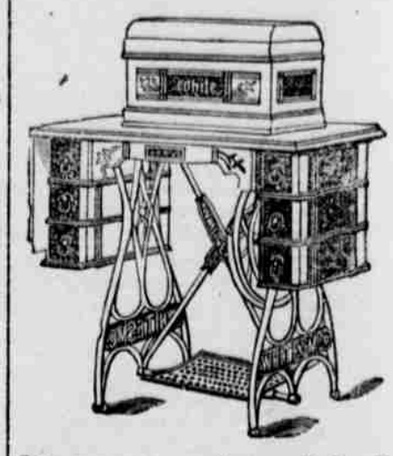
Address VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, O.

Look Here!

Do you want a PIANO?

Do you want an ORGAN?

Do you want a Sewing Machine?



Do you want any kind of a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT?

Do you want SHEET MUSIC?

If so, do not send your money away from home, but deal with a reliable dealer right here, who will make things right, if there is anything wrong.

For anything in this line the place to go is to

J. Saltzer's.

Ware-rooms, Main Street, below Market.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .26
Eggs per dozen	.18
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.07 to .08
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to .08
Wheat per bushel	.70
Oats " "	.40
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	3.40
Hay per ton	18.00
Potatoes per bushel	.65
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .40
Cranberries per qt	.10
Tallow per lb	.04
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.15
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12½
Raspberries	.12½
Cow Hides per lb	.02
Steer " " "	.03
Calf Skin	.40 to .50
Sheep pelts	.60
Shelled corn per bus	60
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.20
Chop "	1.20
Middlings "	1.20
Chickens per lb	.10
Turkeys " "	.12
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

5-23-4t.

THE VOTER'S MARK.

AN INTERPRETATION OF THE ELECTION LAW OF 1891.

President Judge Finletter, of Phila. Common Pleas Court, No. 3, handed down an opinion on Thursday, giving an important interpretation of the Ballot Law of 1891.

The Judge holds that, where the voter marks individuals, and also marks the head of a group, the marking of the individual SHALL PREVAIL, and that the marking of the groups, so far as the same offices are concerned, shall be inoperative and void. This ruling is in accord with the principle that the Act should be liberally construed in aid of the INTENTION of the VOTER. The Judge also holds that the declaration of the law, that the mark shall be placed on the right side of the name, is a mere direction to the voter to mark the name and to give uniformity of marking for the convenience of the election officers, and that it would be absurd to hold that a mark on the left side should defeat the intent of the Act to secure independent voting.

TEXT OF THE OPINION.

Judge Finletter's opinion is as follows: "Before examining the disputed ballots we have considered it our duty to establish the principles upon which they should be admitted, or rejected, for we are not unmindful of the fact that even the judicial mind may be influenced by the principles, opinions, and associations of a life time. We have concluded that the intent of the voter, when not in violation of the election law should govern, if that intent is made apparent by the ballot itself. The voter manifests his intention by what he does or omits to do upon the ballot.

"What he does is evidently a higher indication of his intention than what he fails to do. The first shows thought, purpose, and election. The other may be the result of thoughtlessness, inability to elect, or a determination not to elect at all, which he desires to be kept secret. The voter who marks a single name when he has a right to mark four, and has sixteen to choose from, emphatically declares that he prefers that candidate to all others, and does all he can to elect him, even at the expense of his three party associates. The voter who has marked a group votes simply for his party.

"It has been contended that the Act of Assembly was imperative, and that when a voter has marked the head of a group, and has also marked individuals in a corresponding group, the voter has voted for more persons than is allowed by the Act, and therefore the vote is illegal in this respect.

"There can be no doubt that a vote for two many persons is illegal. It is equally clear that the Act declares that a mark at the head of a group embraces the whole group; and that it shall be so counted. We must therefore reconcile the language of the Act with the principle that the INTENT of the voter SHOULD PREVAIL.

"It is manifest that there can be no virtue in Republican institutions if the franchise of voting is not freed from all improper influences. A controlled vote is the act of a slave and not the act of a freeman. Even in the early days of the Republic, when all political virtues are supposed to have guarded the public weal, it was found that voters were governed by questionable influences. Franklin complained that a certain class too prominently controlled public affairs, and Burr organized the evil elements of New York City, and by them ruled the State, and had a controlling influence in national affairs. The complaint has been continuous since that political, social, business, and religious influences have controlled the free exercise of the elective franchise.

"It was supposed that the secret ballot, as it heretofore existed, would prevent this evil, but that has been a delusion. Before the Act of 1891 no vote could be kept secret and abstaining from voting was regarded as an unpardonable offense by those who thought they had a right to have the vote.

"This great and growing evil thoughtful men regarded as the greatest menace to free institutions; and the Act of 1891 was intended to arrest the evil, by securing to the voter the right of selections, free from any influence. This is its paramount purpose and intention. It secures to the voter a ticket in which all the candidates are placed in proper groups. It gives him privacy in which he may make his selections, and makes it impossible for anyone to know how he voted. At the same time it gives him means to identify his ballot.

"It gives him two methods by which he may make his selection. The one is by marking the individual names; the other by marking groups. In this manner the independent voter is provided for, and the partisan voter's task is made easy. It is evident, however, that the Legislature intended especially to protect the independent voter, as the partisan voter neither cared for nor needed protection. We must consider the Act in this light, or we nullify its spirit.

"The Act is in some respects directory and in some others imperative. When it declares the mark shall be placed on the right side, this is a mere direction to the voter to mark the name, and to have uniformity in marking, for the convenience of the election officers. It would be too absurd to hold that a mark on the left side, which as plainly indicated the purpose of the voter as a mark on the right side, should defeat the evident intent of the Act to secure independent voting.

"It is contended, however, that the Act declares that when a voter marks the head of a group he shall be considered as voting for the whole group, and that the ballot should be counted. This perhaps might be considered conclusive if it was intended to apply to the voter. But the voter has nothing to do with the counting. That duty is imposed upon the election officers, and the mandate to count is intended for them and is imperative upon them.

"Its purpose was to allow them no opportunity to say the voter had voted for no one because he had marked no one. The election laws are intended to protect the voter in the exercise of the franchise, and not to restrict and to embarrass him. A construction of such Acts in aid of this right should be sought for and favored. It cannot be doubted that this Act was intended to help the voter and aid him in voting for individuals, and not for groups. Why, then, should we restrict this right by a technicality evidently not intended for him, but for the election officers, when the voter has individualized his ballot.

"It is within keeping of the intention of the Act, and the intention of the voter and in aid of the exercise of the franchise of voting, to hold that where the voter marks individuals, and also marks the head of a group, that the marking of the individual shall prevail, and that the marking of the groups, so far as the same offices are concerned, shall be imperative and void.

"It should not be forgotten that the new law provided for a complicated method of voting, which was hard to comprehend, even by the most intelligent, and imposed upon the election officers the duty of deciding upon the legality of the vote. It was generally believed that many mistakes would be made by the voters and officers. These facts would seem to warrant a liberal construction of the Act in furtherance of this spirit, and in aid of the INTENTION of the VOTERS."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c. 1m.

Wallace Burt, the Cerokee Indian, was sentenced Thursday last to be hanged. His cowardly murder of the aged Rightley couple last September, his sensational trial, his dramatic confession to Sheriff Nichols, the hearing to fix the grade of murder and the sentencing in Court have made a series of startling incidents seldom woven in any criminal case. Burt was brought into Court at 11.30 by Sheriff Nichols, and sank into one corner of the dock. He covered his face with his hands and began weeping.

When asked by the Court whether he had anything to say why the sentence of death should not be passed upon him, Burt exclaimed between loud sobs: "Oh, I'm sorry!" Then he broke down completely, and his wails were the only sounds heard in the crowded Court room.

Judge Yerkes, in passing sentence, characterized the spectacle as the strongest and most impressive warning that the only life to lead is that of an honest and pure man. He then directed that the prisoner be taken back to jail, thence to the place of execution, and there be hanged by the neck until dead.

The usual treatmet of catarrh is very unsatisfactory, as thousands can testify. Proper local treatment is positively necessary to success, but many, if not most, of the remedies in general use afford but temporary relief. A cure certainly cannot be expected from snuffs, powders, douches and washes.

Ely's Cream Balm, which is so highly commended, is a remedy which combines the important requisites of quick action, specific curative power, with perfect safety and pleasantness to the patient. The druggists all sell it.

The London River Platte Bank of London, closed doors Wednesday. Their capital stock was $7,500,000. and $5,220,000 paid up.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Elephant's Courage.

"An elephant is an arrant coward" said an animal trainer. "I am acquainted with the actual brute, but I never met the elephant that the writers tell about, that never forgets or forgives an injury, but will protect those who treat it kindly. I had charge of an elephant once that had a vicious disposition, but he would do anything I wanted him to. I used to prod him with sharp steel and otherwise impress upon him that I was master and intended to remain so. An under keeper went on the kindness theory and treated the big animal as well as if it were a member of his own family.

After we had been together about a year I was awakened one night in a little Nebraska towns by human shrieks in the elephant's quarters. Rushing to the place, I found the under-keeper being crushed to death. As soon as the cowardly pachyderm saw me he trembled in every muscle, dropped the man and tried to run, but I gave him a lesson with my steel prod that he never forgot. Then I picked up the man, who I supposed, of course, was dead, and found that he had received only a broken arm and a broken rib as a result of his kindness to the elephant. He got well in a few weeks, went to the elephant and punctured him with a steel prod until the fellow bellowed for mercy. After that we were all together for four years, but the elephant never again attempted to injure either of us."

Mrs. Languish. "Tired! Oh, so tired all the time!" Mrs. Smart. "Well, so I used to be until I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a spring medcine, and now I don't know what it is to have that tired feeling. Try it, my dear; only be sure you get Ayer's."

The Absent-Minded Man.

A German professor was remarkably absent-minded. Whenever he was busily engaged in his studio, solving some abstruse problem, his wife was in the habit of bringing him his dinner. His favorite dish was pancakes and molasses. One day his wife brought him a large pancake and a jug of molasses and went down to the kitchen. Pretty soon she heard the professor ring the bell.

"Why is it, Gretchen, that you bring me nothing to eat except molasses? Why have you brought me no pancakes?" asked the absent minded professor.

"Ach, himmel!" exclaimed his wife, "you have tucked the pancake around your neck, thinking that it was a napkin!"—*Texas Siftings,*

On and after April 1st Pittsburghers and all the other burghers in the country will, by direction of the postal authorities, drop the final "h" in the spelling of the names of cities and towns ending with "burg." The authority of the Government to set up an orthographic standard of its own will not be questioned so long as it shall respect the principles of common sense and phonetics, as in this instance,

The Weakest Spot.

in your whole system, perhaps, is the liver. If that doesn't do its work of purifying the blood, more troubles come from it than you can remember.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts upon this weak spot as nothing else can. It rouses it up to healthy, natural action. By thoroughly purifying the blood, it reaches, builds up, and invigorates every part of the system.

For all diseases that depend on the liver or the blood—Dyspepsia, indigestion, Biliousness; every form of Scrofula, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages; and the most stubborn Skin and Scalp Diseases, the "Discovery" is the only remedy so unfailing and effective that it can be guaranteed.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, you can have your money back.

—The question has been asked, "What compensation is a farmer entitled to who erects and maintains a watering trough at the side of a public road?" The road law of 1876 says that any one who may erect a suitable watering trough on a public road or highway and keep the same in repair is entitled to a fee not exceeding $ 5, to be agreed upon at the time by the party erecting the trough and the township supervisor. These watering places shall be approved by the supervisor and but one trough in every five miles can have the preference.

At an auction sale of farm property in Berks county recently $7300 were realized as the proceeds of the sale. Over 4000 people were in attendance, and the party making the sale provided a dinner for the entire crowd that called for one whole beef, two large hogs, eleven hundred pies, eighty loaves of bread, twenty-five pounds of coffee, two barrels of sugar and other things in proportion.

Governor Pattison has proclaimed Friday, April 13, and Friday, Aqril 27, as the days to be observed in the planting of trees and shrubbery—Arbor Days.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

IN CONGRESS.

The President Expected to Veto the Seigniorage Bill.

THE NEW TREATY WITH CHINA.

What Representative Bland Thinks of the Coxey Army Business.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26, 1894.

President Cleveland probably never did a harder or more wearing week's work than that which has just closed. Last Monday Vice President Stevenson signed the Bland bill for the coinage of the seigniorage and it was at once placed in the hands of the President. Since that time he has devoted his entire time to the bill, and, although no announcement has been made to that effect, the opinion seems to be gaining ground here that he will veto the bill. If he neither vetoes nor signs the bill by Thursday of this week it will become a law without any action on the President's part. The veto of the bill will be a great disappointment to democrats from the south and west in congress, but if it be vetoed no attempt will be made to pass it over the veto.

Secretary Gresham smashed some precedents when he made public the new treaty with China in advance of the action of the Senate upon it, but it was the sensible thing to do, even if garbled extracts from the treaty had not leaked out and been printed in papers untriendly towards the administration. Of course Secretary Gresham would have preferred that the making public of this treaty should have been deferred until it could have been accompanied by the commercial treaty, to which it was the stepping stone, which has been negotiated and is now awaiting the approval of the Chinese government. The present treaty relates entirely to the rights of the citizens of the two countries when living in either, and contains several marked concessions concerning the coming of Chinese to America. For that reason it is objectionable to some of the Senators and Representatives from the Pacific coast, but, in view of the advantages to be gained by the commercial treaty, to come later, it is not thought that the opposition will be strong enough to endanger the ratification of this treaty, but the Senate may decide, on account of the slipperyness of Chinese diplomacy, to withhold ratification until it is known that the commercial treaty has been approved by China.

Nothing is easier than to build up absurd stories by accepting wrong constructions of an act as a foundation upon which to build, and nothing is apparently more enjoyable to those Washington correspondents who furnish imaginary matter for the sensational republican press, than to put a wrong construction upon every act of President Cleveland's. A case in point was the designation by the President of Rear Admiral Walker for the command of the Pacific Station. Although it was officially stated that Admiral Walker was given this command because the administration had decided to extend an appropriation made in 1892, by Congress, in fitting up a coal and naval station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, the right to do so having existed since the ratification of the treaty of 1887, and he was thoroughly familiar with the harbor and its surroundings, but, putting a wrong construction upon it, these correspondents built up stories showing that the selection was made because of an intention to interfere with the provisional government of Hawaii. These stories were not only false and known by their concocters to be false, but they were a positive insult to the President of the United States, who had months ago formally and officially turned all matters relating to the government of Hawaii over to Congress; yet they were printed. Legitimate criticism is all right in its proper place but lies and misrepresentations are always cowardly and always contemptible no matter who makes use of them.

General Wade Hampton knows as well how to snub impertinence as any man in public life. The other day he called on a Senator who has a private secretary who is a victim of the impertinent habit. As the General after leaving the Senator was passing through the room occupied by the private secretary, that individual stopped him and said: "You asked for half a minute and have stayed in half an hour; you ought to get a medal." "Young man," replied General Hampton without a moment's hesitation, "you remind me of what Mrs. Partington told Ike when he said he was going to get a medal." "What was that?" asked the smart Aleck, with a grin. "Well, Ike, you deserve a medal for you are the most meddlesome cuss I ever saw. Good morning, Mr. Secretary."

Representative Bland, of Mo., takes a sensible view of the Coxey army business, which is being talked about in Washington, more because of the space given it by the newspapers than because anybody believes that it is actually coming. He says: "The Coxey army has as much right to come to Washington as the lobbies who come in behalf of protection and other private interests. As long as they pay their own expenses and commit no depredation they have a perfect right to come. But if they violate law and become a mob of pillagers, they should be suppressed."

Senator Colquitt, of Ga., was very near to dying last week from a stroke of paralysis. He is now slightly better, although not yet out of danger.

CO-OPERATIVE HOUSE-KEEPING.

We all agree that around the home centre the greatest blessings of life, that a happy home is absolutely essential to a happy life. Consequently any scheme of living that tends to increase the happiness of home life, and to lessen or do away with those multiform vexations and worries which, like swarms of pestilential mosquitoes, often render a home so miserable that the inhabitants are glad to escape from it, must be of great benefit to the race at large. Women, perhaps, are apt to exaggerate what are known as the domestic worries, but men, on the other hand, are given to undervalue them. The man's business cares loom up before him, and entirely overshadow by their apparent greatness his wife's troubles over servants and kindred domestic ills.

For a long time the dreamers have been dreaming about the beauty and benefits of co operation. The dream must come before the deed, and in attempting to carry out the dream there must be many failures, but co-operation will doubtless yet solve many vexed problems. In the problem of domestic economy the value of co operation is getting a practical exemplification in the beautiful suburb of Boston called Brookline. Here a wealthy and energetic citizen of Boston, Mr. Eugene R. Knapp, has organized and is carrying out a scheme of co operative house-keeping which, as it has proved a practical success, is well worth the attention of the world at large.

About a dozen years ago Mr. Knapp purchased a large tract of land in Brookline, and he has erected from time to time a number of rows of houses of handsome appearance and solidly built. Those in the same row resemble each other outwardly, but the inside of no two is alike; each house is distinct and individual in this respect, so that each householder can feel that he has a house which is not duplicated. The collection of houses is known as the "Beaconfield Terraces." Each house has its own little yard, but back of these is a park of about six acres of land, beautifully laid out with walks, shade-trees, driveways, tennis-courts, children's playground, etc. This park belongs to the tenants and owners in common for fifteen years; at the expiration of this time the tenants will be able to obtain possession of the grounds for themselves and their heirs forever.—*H. C. Walsh, in April Lippincott's.*

The hall of the house of representatives—Harrisburg, when completed will be one of the most magnificent legislative halls in the country. It will be well lighted and ventilated and lavishly furnished. The board of public buildings and grounds has directed Architect Windrim to prepare a design for a desk and chair for the members. The desks, which were put in new two years ago, will be sold at public sale.

In place of that constantly tired out feeling, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will give you strength.

The Bradford oil operators, Thudy & Northrop, are sinking an oil well at Forkston. Thousands of acres of oil land in Wyoming and Bradford counties have been leased by the United States Pipe Line Company, and it is expected that will soon become a petroleum community.

Thursday March 22nd was the hottest March day known. At the Government Weather Bureau, Philadelphia, the thermometer registered 77 degrees, while along Chestnut street, it showed 85 degrees.

Judge Chitlain of Chicago has granted a respite of two weeks to Patrick Eugene Prendegast, the slayer of Carter Harrison, in order to test his sanity. He will be hanged on the 6th of April.

Shooting Pains.

"I had catarrh in the head, pains shooting through my head, and that tired feeling. I heard so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that at last I bought a bottle. It did me so much good that I bought $5 worth and after taking all this I was entirely cured. I am glad to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to any one." Miss Daisy De Rimer, Rimer, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

A lot of new notes of the sharpest kind have just been printed and are for sale at this office. Also common receipts, estate receipts, and collectors' receipts, neatly bound in books of 25, 50 and 100. tf.

Scalp blanks for sale at this office. tf.

A WOMAN'S POWER.

IT IS THE GREATEST ON EARTH.

It Establishes Thrones and Destroys Nations.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

The influence of women upon the civilization of the world could never be measured.

The flash of her eye, the touch of her hand, and we have the marvelous power of women, glorious in the possession of perfect physical health.

Lydia E. Pinkham, by her wonderful discovery of the Vegetable Compound has done much to place this great health power in the hands of women. She has lifted them out of the misery brought by displacement of the womb, and all the evils that follow diseased uterus.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restores natural cheerfulness, destroys despondency, cures leucorrhœa, backache, strengthens the muscles, restores the womb to its normal condition, regulates menstruation, removes inflammation, ulceration, and tumors of the womb, etc.

Here are two women who speak from experience, and for the benefit of others.

Miss Helen Smith, 43 22d Place, Chicago, Ill., says:—"I was troubled with irregularity and leucorrhœa. I followed Mrs. Pinkham's advice, took her Vegetable Compound, and used her Sanative Wash. I now feel like a new woman, and am perfectly healthy."

Mrs. E. Fox, Woodstown, N. J., writes:—"I had been sick 10 years with womb trouble and leucorrhœa. Doctors could not help me. *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound did. Employment of any kind does not trouble me now, and I can stand nearly all day and not feel tired. I cannot thank you enough. I recommend the Compound to every woman who has any weakness."

EMERSON PIANOS

60 000 SOLD

THESE Instruments have enjoyed a high reputation for more than forty years. They are **BRILLIANT and MUSICAL in Tone,** and afford a most beautiful accompaniment to vocal music—the tone having that rare SYMPATHETIC QUALITY which blends admirably to the HUMAN VOICE.

They are DURABLE, being constructed of the DEST MATERIALS, by the MOST SKILLFUL WORKMEN. They have earned an especial reputation for KEEPING IN TUNE, and also for retaining in a most remarkable degree their original fullness of tone—never growing thin or wiry with age. The Company, through their agents, have received several FIRST PREMIUMS during the past few years, and their instruments have invariably taken high rank wherever exhibited.

PRICES MODERATE. TERMS EASY.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

EMERSON PIANO COMPANY,

116 Boylston St.,

BOSTON. MASS.

Branch Stores { *92 5th Ave. New York.* / *218 Wabash Ave., Chicago*

1-26-6 1m.

$3,000.00 A YEAR FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.

If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from $5.00 per day to $3,000 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at which they can make that amount. Nothing difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the smartest men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employ years ago. You, reader, may do as well; try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We fit you out with something that is new, solid, and sure. A book brimful of advice is free to all. Help yourself by writing for it to-day—not to-morrow. Delays are costly.

E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

—PUBLISHED BY—

GEO. E. ELWELL

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS.—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1894.

Coupon for Portfolio No. 1,

COLUMBIAN Historical Art Series of the

World's Fair and Midway Plaisance,

....ENTITLED....

The Magic City.

☞Cut out this Coupon and mail it, or bring it in person to the office of THE COLUMBIAN, with TEN CENTS and Portfolio No. 1 of the MAGIC CITY will be delivered to you.

Future of the Democracy.

The Address issued by the executive Committee of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania is a timely and sober document which deserves the earnest consideration of all who have an interest in the success of the party. As the Democratic Society is a voluntary organization within the party, acknowledging no boss, working no machine, making no nominations for office and seeking no spoils its counsels at least have the merit of entire disinterestedness. In referring to the abstention of large masses of Democratic voters from the polls in the recent elections the address asks if there was any just or reasonable cause for this display of indifference which has given so much encouragement to grasping trusts and monopolies under the protection of the Republican party. A partial answer to the question follows in the appeal for the creation of "a fresh and harmonious Democratic organization, not in aid of any man or faction, but in loyal subordination to constituted Democratic authority, in defense of Democratic principles and in support of Democratic candidates." The acknowledged want of such an organization seems to explain in no small degree the extreme apathy of the Democratic masses of Pennsylvania at the February election.

There are, however, some other potential causes of the reaction against the Democratic party at which it were idle to blink. The industrial depression resulting from a vicious financial policy for which the Democratic Administration had not the least responsibility created a temporary alarm among the people and a disposition to retreat in a timid and time-serving portion of the majority in Congress. The causes of the panic were most diligently misrepresented by all the organs and orators of spoliation, and multitudes who had enthusiastically voted for Tariff Reform began to doubt the wisdom of the measure, and this apprehension was not long in betraying itself among the Democrats in Congress.

The House, it is true, made no unnecessary delay in passing the Wilson bill, but coupled with it an extraordinary and unpopular system of taxation utterly foreign to the platform upon which the Democratic party successfully appealed to the country in the election of 1892. So far from belonging to the Democratic conventions Pennsylvania and many other States had never failed to denounce an income tax as inquisitorial, partial and unconstitutional as long as it belonged the policy of the Republican party. It is not strange, then, that the Democratic voters in Pennsylvania and everywhere else should have been filled with distrust and apathy when they saw their representatives in Congress halting and hesitating over the party programme and patching the garment of Tariff Reform with a cast-off rag of Republican policy.

In the midst of so many causes of discouragement the defeats that have overtaken the Democratic party are easily accounted for. These defeats are the just penalty for wandering from the true political path, and it is highly improbable that the party will experience similar chatisements before the work of purgation shall have been accomplished. But the great heart of Democracy is sound to the core, and there is no reason to doubt its purpose as well as power to carry out its ordained political programme. In no other way can the party justify the reason of its existence. One of the first steps toward purgation is to shake off the machine managers, who abuse the organization for their selfish ends, and the men in Congress who have forsaken the principles of the party to serve local interests and private monopolies at the expense of the people.

It is the great work of rehabilitating the Democratic societies will prove a powerful auxiliary. The unselfish character of these organizations, their public spirit, and their devotion to the principles of Jeffersonian Democracy, peculiarly fit them for the accomplishment of this patriotic task. There is no field for their labors more promising than machine managed and tariff-ridden Pennsylvania.—*Record.*

SELECTING LEGISLATION.

From the Pittsburg Times.

"The ideal legislator is a scarce article, but those familiar with Harrisburg affairs, know that by far the greater number of the legislators try to do the very best they know how. Wherein the most of them fail is just because they don't know how. And for this their constituents and not themselves are generally to blame. Legislation is a business and its very nature makes necessary elaborate rules and decisions based upon these rules for guidance in carrying on legislative affairs. But no man however able, ever learned these rules and their applications before he entered the legislature or very soon after he did enter. He must see them put into actual practice. But the trouble with the most of them, leaving out the members from Philadelphia and Allegheny, is that they did not get a second term. Thus they are constantly represented untried and inexperienced men, who after they have learned their business, are retired to make room for others who are put through exactly the same process. Every one who has spent any time at Harrisburg knows that for very reason the business of legislation is largely controlled by city members, men neither abler nor better than the country members, but who representing constituencies which return them for 8, 10 or 12 years have become so familiar with legislative practice and have so wide an acquaintance with their colleagues and with public men as to attain a prominence and influence that no one, no matter how bright and energetic, or how brilliant an orator,—for the latter is a small thing in legislation—can gain in a single session, or even in two sessons. The principal reason why country voters make this serious mistake is because they too commonly regard the office of legislator as a mere honor or reward for party service rather than the most responsible position in their gift. The argument too often used is this: "He has had it once. If it is a good thing, pass it around. Let somebody else have his turn." This is a very low estimate put upon the matter. Law making is too important a duty to put upon any man merely because he may need the salary. In fact the salary is not large enough to cut any figure in the transaction. Just now the people are talking about whom they shall send to Harrisburg next winter. There were men in the last house who would be of no account as legislators if they were re-elected from now until the millennium They should never have been sent at all. But a glance over the roll of the House of 1893 shows the names of many men in both parties who have proved their capabilities and usefulness as legislators. They have the great advantage of that legislative experience and that acquaintance with those who will be re elected that will fit them for doing what it is supposed legislators are elected to do—pass sensible laws and spend the public money properly and economically."

Space will not permit us to insert all of the article from the above named paper, but the writer mentions the name of Hon. Andrew L. Fritz, who is a candidate for re election, as one "prominent among those who have an extended experience and who have records for usefulness and prominence.

The extraordinary claim is put forth that there is no law to punish the men in Omaha who are coining standard silver dollars of the United States and have already put in circulation $500,000. The Federal statute against counterfeiting imposes a severe penalty for simulating the coins of the United States "with intent to defraud." As the Omaha coins are of full weight and fineness the claim is made that there is no intent to defraud anyone, therefore no crime. If there is anything in the claim the act of Congress on the subject is a very imperfect piece of legislation. Senator Sherman called the attention of the Senate to the subject a few days ago. Ex Senator Farwell, of Illinois, claims that the Omaha mint is perfectly legitimate, though the proprietors are issuing coins which cost about 48 cents, as legal tender 100-cent dollars. There is a fraud on the people of the United States in imposing such coins upon them and giving the enormous seigntorage to private parties. Such coins cannot be legal tender and their circulation as United States coins is, therefore, fraudulent. It is singular that this Omaha mint has not been summarily closed up by the Government and those connected with it put on trial. That is the best way to prove how the law stands.

"For a long time I suffered with stomach and liver troubles, and could find no relief until I began to use Ayer's Pills. I took them regularly for a few months, and my health was completely restored."—D. W. Baine, New Berne, N. C.

GENERAL NEWS.

☞John Gundrum, twenty years old of Milton, while going out of his father's shop with a gun, accidentally discharged the weapon, the ball entering the head of his brother Ray, five years, whose life is despaired of.

☞Colonel Bostyshell will go out and Dr. Townsend will go in as Superintendent of the Philadelphia Mint on Saturday.

☞Major C. M. Conyngham, president of the West End Coal Company, Wilkes-Barre, submitted to a very trying and critical surgical operation last week Major Conyngham had carried a bullet in his body since the battle of Spottsylvania. It had latterly caused him much inconvenience and he decided to have it removed which was successfully done.

☞The business outlook at the Pennsylvania Steel works, at Steelton, is showing steady improvement. The number of workmen employed in the various departments has increased to about 3,400, which is within 1,000 of the force necessary when the great industry is pushed to its utmost capacity. The employees were paid $45,500 in wages for the last two weeks of February, which exceeded that of the previous semi-monthly pay day about $9,000.

☞Deputy Attorney General Stranahan, who has been mentioned as a successor to Chairman Wright, of the State Democratic Committee, has received letters from a number of prominent democrats the past week urging him to accept. Mr. Stranahan has concluded to take the position if it comes to him without a contest and is already getting his affairs in shape so as to begin his duties immediately upon his election. The state headquarters will be established in Harrisburg instead of Philadelphia, where they have been located since the gubernatorial campaign of 1880, and the new chairman will cooperate with the city and county democratic committees.

☞Henry Harding of Tunkhannock has hannock has mysteriously disappeared.

☞Fall River Mills are unable to keep up with orders. Sales of cloth exceed production, and the situation is much improved compared with that of two weeks ago.

☞A $5000 damage suit against John Brier is the result of a wager that caused the death of Herman Platmann at Milwaukee. It is alleged that on June 1 Platmann went into the defendant's saloon and made a wager with Charles Buth that he could drink fifteen glasses of beer in fifteen minutes. The defendant was to furnish the beer. At the thirteenth glass Platmann was overcome. The defendant is alleged to have then given him two glasses of brandy, after which Platmann expired.

☞A grand child of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage was baptized with water from the river Jordan, at the Brooklyn Tabernacle last Sunday.

A Mrs. Harris of Topeka, Kansas, has erected a fine granite monument over the head of her husband's grave. It bears this simple inscription: "Died of Delirium Tremens."—St. Louis Republic.

☞A novel way of smuggling has just been brought to light by the French authorities on the Franco-Swiss frontier. It has been discovered that about twenty-two thousand watches, valued at 2020,000 francs, have entered France in the space of six months without having paid the duty. A great portion of these were discovered packed in tins of a condensed milk company, from which, of course, the milk had been taken out and then carefully closed up again.

☞Y. T. Fong, a Chinaman, promises to become an international shuttlecock. He was for some misdemeanor sent to the Colorado Penitentiary, on entering which he was deprived of his queue. In a few weeks he will be discharged, and, under the Geary law, in May will be transported. Having lost his queue outside of China, he will not be allowed to return there.

☞Thirty years ago John Boyle O'Reilly carved his name with a nail on the rough face of a foundation stone in the church at Dowth, Ireland. Afterward he expressed a desire to be buried under it. His wish is to be complied with, the stone having been removed and now on its way to Boston.

☞President Eliot, of Harvard, says that there is scarcely a single subject taught nowadays in the same way that it was taught thirty years ago, and that even law, the most conservative of studies, is now treated in an entirely different method than in former years.

☞Announcement was made Tuesday of the failure of Wood, Brown & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, Haines & Co., Retail merchants, and H. S. Louchheim & Co., bankers, all of Philadelphia.

Senator Colquit of Georgia, died suddenly at his residence in Washington, Tuesday morning, the result of paralysis. His successor will be appointed by the Governor of Georgia, and he will serve until March 1895.

Mahlon Sellers, of Berks county, Windsor Castle, has just secured his fiftieth license for the same hotel stand. Mr. Sellers has been Postmaster forty-one years consecutively at the same place and Justice of the Peace for thirty-six years.

The bank of Sponsler, Jenkin & Co., New Bloomfield, Perry county, made an assignment Monday, for benefit of creditors.

The Carnegie Steel Company have settled the penalty of $140,489.44 imposed for defective armor plates on the naval vessels, $35,121.25 was paid to the four informers, and the balance to the credit of the government.

A number of factories started up Monday on full time, among whih are the corset factories of New Haven, Conn.; Falwell Bros. & Co., weavers, Philadelphia; the Lebanon Rolling Mills, and the Knitting Mills at St. Johnsville, N. Y.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the scalp that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

The Etiquette of Visiting.

Married women leave their husband's cards with their own; that is to say, one is left for the gentleman of the house and one for the hostess, writes Isabel A. Mallon in an article on "The Art of Dressing for Visiting" in the April *Ladies' Home Journal*. A dinner party demands a call within two weeks, but this is not required after a tea or a large reception. If a friend is ill it is proper to call in person and leave a card with kind inquiries written upon it. A very pretty English fashion is gradually finding its way here. After a severe illness a lady may send by mail to all the people who have called to inquire for her an engraved card reading in this way: "Mrs. James Brown presents her compliments and her thanks for recent kind inquiries." This does away with the necessity of making visits when one is still in ill health, and yet it is a recognition of the courtesies received. It is polite, also, to leave a card of congratulation when a new baby appears in the family, but one is never expected to see the mother.

Mr. Wm. A. Booth
Indiana, Pa.

Saved My Life

$5 Worth of Hood's Sarsaparilla

Severe Case of Nicotine Poisoning.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I write these lines to certify that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of a most painful disease from which I have suffered the past four years. It appeared in the form of eruptions on my neck and face, spreading over my body, so painful that I could not sleep at night, and could not work in the day time, and when I did lay down and get into a little doze, if I would move just a little, it would start that terrible sensation, and

Blood Would Start

from the eruptions on my legs and body. I had to wear bandages all the time. My eyes were badly swollen, my back in terrible condition. One physician said it was weed poison, another eczema, and the last told me it was

Nicotine Poisoning,

and that I would have to go to a physician who made a speciality of my disease. (I omitted to say that I am a cigar maker by trade.) But Hood's Sarsaparilla had been recommended, and I thought I would try it, and I am heartily thankful that I did. I can truly say that Hood's Sarsaparilla has effected

A Perfect Cure.

I am free from sores, have a good appetite, no dull feelings, and that continual sick headache is gone. This wonderful cure has only cost me five dollars. This small amount of money has

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

rid me of all my sufferings. I am still taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, my faithful friend which has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough." WM. A. BOOTH, Indiana, Pennsylvania.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as any thing else. Its easier cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better result; better try it. —*N. S. Rishton, Druggist.*

—THE—

KEELEY INSTITUTE

FOR THE CURE OF THE

Liquor, Opium and Tobacco

HABITS.

THE ONLY SATISFACTORY TREATMENT.

—Send for reading matter.—

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,

728 MADISON AVE.,

SCRANTON, PA.

We refer by permission to J. D. Bodine, J. H. Rinard, Catawissa.

2-3-6 mo.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

3-9-4w.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

—AND—

HATTER.

CORNER OF MAIN AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG.

Bring your EYES with You

LADIES.

Our new

SPRING DRESS GOODS

are now ready for inspection. If you want worsted Goods we have a very fine article, 7 yards for $2.25, goods worth 50 cents a yard. If you don't want Worsteds, our China Silk stock is complete with novelties, the very latest.

The ever Glorious Sun and beautiful weather has reminded us that summer approaches and *we*, always leading, have a most beautiful line of

NEW LACE DIMITIES.

These afford an opportunity for beautiful and tasteful dressing and very moderate in prices.

Our stock of

SHOES

has undergone a thorough overhauling and has been reduced in prices from 10 to 30 per cent.

Our SPRING CAPES for Ladies and COATS for Misses and Children are the finest in town with prices in reach of all.

Grocery Department.

We carry a fine line of Holmes & Coutes celebrated biscuits and crackers. Water Thins, Salted Sea Foam, Salt Banquets, Peach Blow and Cream Milk always fresh and nice.

Our DISH LINE is the finest in town. Have you ever seen the New Victor Lamp? We have them at $2.25.

Pursel & Harman.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Snyder & Magee Co. Limited.

Fourth & Market Streets.

SPECIAL CASH SALE

FOR CASH ONLY!

No Job Lots,

No Unseasonable Goods,

Everything Fresh and New.

Commencing Monday 19th and continuing 10 days. we will make rebate of from 10 to 20 per cent on every article in our

House Furnishing Dep't.

If you want anything in Furniture for any room, Carpets, Curtains, Shades, Lamps, Mirrors, Dishes, Toilet Sets, &c.,

BABY CARRIAGES.

You can't afford to buy any where else than from us. Our Prices were low before, but when we take off in many instances 20 per cent, it places our

Competitors not In it.

All you have to do is to prove this by coming and examining Goods.

Don't forget our Patterns are the newest and Goods the freshest, many of them having only been opened up this week.

We want your trade and it will be to your advantage to buy from us.

DON'T FORGET TIME.

See our Circulars for full Particulars.

We've got the Goods, we want your Money.

SNYDER & MAGEE CO. LIM.

FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,

BLOOMSBURG, - PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

L. T. Sharpless will take the store of Sharpless & Bro. on the 1st.

Legal advertisements are printed on the seventh page. tf.

Jones & Walter took possession of the Dentler store on Thursday.

A nice line of wall paper at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

A case of small-pox is reported at Lewisburg. The patient says he contracted it at Danville.

Elegant men's, boy's and children's suits at money saving prices at Lowenberg's.

The annual statement of Briarcreek township is printed on the seventh page of this issue.

Curtains by the yard, made up plain or with fringe, cheap at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

A new paper has been started at Hughesville, called the Muncy Valley News.

Don't pay a big profit on a hat. The newest shapes, the latest styles at Lowenberg's.

G. A. Potter, editor of the Millville *Tablet* is right in it. Thursday of last week he was granted a re issue of pension.

For the late shades in dress gloves go to Townsend's.

Prof. Mauser, one of the teachers at the high school, was confined to the house with malaria this week.

Do not fail to see our line of wall paper before you buy, at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

The American Mechanics have moved from Odd Fellows Hall to Knights of Malta Hall.

New goods in the latest styles of spring millinery just opened at E. Barkley's—Main below Market Street.

The Bloomsburg Car Co. store will move to corner of Main and Centre streets on April 1st.

Oysters, by the quart and by the hundred. Oysters raw, stewed and fried, at C. B Chrisman's. tf.

Mrs. Rebecca Carmen, of Benton, moves into her new house on Third street, this week.

See our large line of curtains before you buy, at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

A partnership has been formed by William Shaw and John Donahue. They are painters and paper hangers.

For real nice Easter neck wear go to Townsend's.

Water has been let into the canal, and it will open for navigation about April 1st.

For the celebrated Pearl shirt, go to Townsend's.

Easter Sunday was a cold day, and there was snow in the air. It was too unpleasant for the display of new spring millinery and toilets.

It is easy to be seen by looking in Lowenberg's windows that they have the handsomest stock of clothing, hats, and furnishings in town.

Teachers take notice. We have a very nice line of new day school Reward Cards, at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

FOR SALE.—Several loads of good manure. Inquire at this office. tf.

C. I. Fornwald has moved his barber shop from the basement of Lockard's building to that of Clark & Son's store, on Centre street.

For the correct style spring hat, go to Townsend's.

It was sixteen years last Monday since Pat Hester, Tully and McHugh were hanged for the murder of Alexander Rea, in the old jail.

Early Risers. Early Risers. Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Mr. John Wolf of Bloomsburg and Mrs. Sue White, widow of the late M. Q. White of Espy were married Tuesday evening at the Lutheran Parsonage by Rev. P. A. Heilman.

For the newest and latest styles in spring suitings, go to Townsend's.

Dr. Edward Jacoby returned from Philadelphia last week, without getting any help in the hospitals. He is now in a very dangerous condition, and his death may come at any time.

J. R. Townsend is the leading Merchant Tailor of Columbia county. See his advertisement on fourth page. tf.

The assessors should see that every dog in Bloomsburg is taxed. In this way perhaps a few hundred of the mongrel nuisances can be disposed of.

Julius Lindegren will be in town the latter part of March, and orders for piano tuning can be left at the Exchange Hotel, or at S. F. Peacock & Co's. hardward store. tf.

The publication of the Mercantile list has been awarded by the County Commissioners to the *Republican*, *Sentinel* and COLUMBIAN.

Everyone is glad to know that Lowenberg's are going to run another season and that they have such an elegant new stock of clothing, hats and furnishings, to sell at such low prices.

The Schumann Lady Quartette will be at the Opera House Thursday eve. April 5th. No one can afford to miss them. They are simply immense.

No better aid to digestion,
No better cure for dyspepsia,
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Hon. A. L. Fritz, it is understood will be a candidate for re election as Representative. He has been a useful member of the House, and his experience is valuable to his constituents.

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Mr. McCormick, of Madison township, who contracted small pox while working at Danville, died at his home Saturday night and was buried early Sunday morning. The disease developed into pneumonia, which caused death.

If you want to see the largest and finest stock of spring Suiting and Trouserings, go to Townsend, the leading Merchant Tailor; perfect satisfaction always guaranteed.

Subscribers who change their post office address on April 1st, should notify us of the fact, giving both the old and the new address.

"I was troubled with nervousness, dyspepsia and headache, but found a cure in Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. L. C. Beil, Emporium, Pa

Birt Miller of Espy will move his barber shop from Geisinger's building to McKamey's building, opposite the Town Hall on April 1st.

Julius Lindegrin, the piano tuner will be in town next week. Parties having instruments to tune will leave their orders at Peacock's Hardware Store. Any one wishing to purchase a piano will do well to consult Mr. Lindegrin.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cleanses, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions and if you have piles use it for them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Wm. Chrisman, of Bloomsburg, will be a candidate for the Legislature from the north side of the river. Mr. Chrisman has never been before the people asking for their support, except that of District Attorney, which office he held for but one term.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

There were some very interesting services at the Methodist Mission last Monday night. Plants and flowers were there in abundance, and addresses were made by Dr. Graydon, Revs. Womelsdorf and Weeks. Easter eggs were presented to each scholar.

The Catawissa branch of the Philadelphia & Reading will soon enjoy a boom. The Reading Coal and Iron Company will ship soft coal over the branch and the railroad company will put semaphores and block signals from West Milton to East Mahanoy Junction.

The men's meeting in Association Hall next Sunday will be of special interest to young men, and we extend a hearty invitation to all the men of Bloomsburg to hear the address, "The Young Man's Best Friend," which will be delivered by Rev. J. Womelsdorf. It will be a bright gospel service.

The Lecture committee of the Y. M. C. A. have secured Dr. Graydon to deliver a series of Life talks during the month of April. The first will be given Monday evening, April 9th. Subject "Every day accidents and how to meet them." Music will be furnished by local talent for each of these lectures.

The offerings in St. Paul's Church on Easter Day were as follows: At the two Morning Services, $79 67; in the Evening, from the Sunday School Classes and children of the Parish. $103.05 Making a total of $182.72, to be divided among the many important Missionary objects of the Church.

Jerry Wintersteen, another of the small-pox patients of Madison township, who got the disease from patients at Danville, is improving very much, and will no doubt soon fully recover. No other members of the family have contracted it, and every precaution is being taken to prevent its spread.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office April 10, 1894.

Mr. Patrick Casey, Mr. Isidor Cohen, Miss Bell Conner, Mr. John M. Hanley, Robert R. Miller, Wilbert Mowery, Mr. F. H. Moore, Oscar E. Smith (2), Howard Watts, John W. Wolf.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised Mar. 27, 1894. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

Hunting and Fishing Grounds.

The best in the West, North and Northwest is reached only by the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St Paul Railway. Trout season is nearly here; look up your tackle, see that it is in good shape and then write to John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa., for a brochure of "where the trout hide." 3-23-3t

ALL MINERS MAY STRIKE.

FEARS THAT 100,000 OPERATIVES MAY DECIDE UPON A GENERAL MOVEMENT.

President John McBride, of the United Mine Workers of America, has issued a circular call for the fifth annual convention of the organization to be held at Columbus, commencing April 10. The convention will be the most important convention yet held, for at that convention a "national movement" will be considered.

This means the total suspension of work by miners from Colorado to Eastern Pennsylvania. If adopted and a date set the greatest strike in the history of the miners of America will be inaugurated. There are in America, fully one hundred thousand miners who are attached to the United Mine Workers organization.

For several months the officials have been preparing for the national movement. Organizers and State and District Presidents have been working at the organization and with such success that it is estimated fully fifteen thousand additional miners have been brought into the union already and by the time the convention meets at least that many more additional miners will have become members.

It is expected in the Pittsburg district alone that the 12,000 miners and coke workers of the Connellsville region and the Sooo river and railroad miners will be organized. Meetings are being held nightly, conventions called and no means left undone to arouse enthusiasm among the coal diggers for the national movement.

The same applies to the Ohio, Tennessee, West Virginia, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri coal fields.

Coke production in the Connellsville region last week was two thousand tons greater than that of the previous week, but the output was not up to the standard. In the weekly shipments there was a decrease of 75 cars, showing that some of the product was stocked on the yards.

The demand did not improve much during the week, as the operators anticipated.

A detailed report of the operation and output shows 11,219 active and 6294 idle ovens with a total estimated production of 110,741 tons compared with the production of the previous week. This was an increase of 2040 tons. In the active list of ovens there was a net gain of 194 ovens.

Art Gems (in Colors) Free.

Russell's Art Collections, of over four hundred magnificent pictures, size 10 by 13, are issued in twenty-four Series, each containing seventeen full page pictures in colors, (regular price $1.00 per Series) can be secured by simply asking your local Grocer or Dry Goods merchant (with your next purchase) for one of Russell's Art Coupons. If he cannot supply it to you, have him write immediately to Russell Art Publishing Co., No. 928 Arch St., Phila., for full particulars, and we will see that you secure an Art Coupon through him free. An enterprising merchant can increase his trade 100 per cent. by using Russell's Coupon System. 3-23-4t.

Economical Spring Gowns For Ladies.

A somewhat rapid glance over the coming fashions shows that they are practically the same as last year's.

This fact, however, will prove a blessing in disguise, as it will enable many to exercise a well timed economy and take advantage of this sameness of style for remodelling old dresses.

Every part of a gown can thus be made over, and especially the overskirt which will be so largely worn.

By using an old skirt as an overdress above a sham skirt of a different material, the transformation will be at once both complete and effective. If the lower part of an old dress be worn or soiled, it may easily be removed, as the drapery in some styles is drawn up as far as the knee on the side, and half way between the foot and the knee in front. As a matter of course the draperies are varied in form and sometimes quite complicated. The MCDOWELL FASHION JOURNALS contain all the novelties of the season, and moreover, in order to furnish further assistance to their readers, they offer a supplement of patterns of the latest styles. These may be secured by means of coupons at an exceedingly moderate price. "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost only $3.50 a year or 35 cents each per copy. "The French Dressmaker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy.

"La Mode," which is the best family fashion magazine in existence is offered at the exceedingly low price of $1.50 a year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure any of these publications from your newsdealer do not take any substitute from him but apply by mail to Messrs. A. MCDOWELL & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

The secretary of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., of Elkhart, Ind., informs us that their prices will be lower for 1894 than ever. He wishes us to ask our readers not to purchase anything in the line of carriages, wagons, bicycles or harness until they have sent 4 cents in stamps to pay postage on their 112 page catalogue. We advise the readers of this paper to remember his suggestion.

J. M. Gidding & Co., Succ'ss'rs to Gidding & Salsburg

"THE PIRON" Boy's Suit age 7 to 15.

DOUBLE KNEE, SEAT, SEWED, WEAR,

The Best Boy's Suit we have ever introduced.
ALL WOOL.
PRICE $5.00

A PIRON SUIT and "Mother's" Friend" Shirt Waist, complete, make a pair of 'TOUGHS' quite hard to BEAT.

In addition to our Piron Suits we have a superb collection of Boys' Single and Double Breasted Suits in light, medium and dark colors, that for Style, Wear and Price have no equal in the county. We give an absolute guarantee with each garment. For the youngsters from 3 to 7, we've made extra preparations for this Spring and Summer. You'll find here Styles that are not found elsewhere in town. They're exclusively our own.

THE YOUNG MEN

who look for neat dressy clothing made equal to Merchant Tailors' garments come to this store.

The Men, too, know where they can do best. That's why we fit more of them out than the other Clothing Houses combined.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO
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2 doors below Post Office,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE, BLOOMSBURG.

We make a NEW STRIKE on Goods for the first of April—Mix up DISHES with DRY GOODS.

2 Dinner sets, 100 pieces each, at $10.00 per set, nicely decorated. 1 set, 112 pieces $15.00, 1 set 113 pieces $18.00, extra fine. Chamber sets, decorated, for $2.85. A beautiful line of China and Japanese ware for presents.

We mix with these a NEW lot of Ladies' Spring COATS and CAPES, black, blue, brown, and light colored. A fine assortment of Misses' and Childrens' COATS. A handsome assortment of spring Dress goods in wool, in half wool, in plaid and stripe. DRESS GINGHAMS, not forgetting a full line of domestics in Ginghams, in Muslins, in Shirtings, in Calicos, in Outing Flannels, in Checks, in Tickings, &c., &c. Don't pay 7 and 8c. for Ginghams (where you get trust for a month) but bring your cash to us and get it for 5c. yd. 20 yds. Muslin for $1.00.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

ROCHESTER $125.00. LOWELL $25.00 to $115.00.
BINGHAMTON. $75.00.

These Bicycles are all strictly high grade, and you will regret it if you buy without seeing them. **Old Wheels taken in exchange or Wheels sold on installment plan** if desired. Come and see them and get terms.

W. S. RISHTON, AGENT FOR COLUMBIA COUNTY.
Opposite Post Office.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

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Nerve Tonic.

Meredith's Celery with Pepsin Bitters, is Non-Alcoholic. It is a true Nerve Tonic, an active Alterative, a reliable Laxative and Diuretic. It restores Strength, renews Vitality, Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. Price $1.00 per bottle at all druggists and groceries. If they don't have it, write to

G. W. Meredith & Co.,
Pittsburg, Pa., and they will see that you get it.
Sept. 8, 1 yr.

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To advertise my work I will make anyone sending me a cabinet photograph and 35 cts. in silver, inside of 30 days, 1 doz. elegantly finished photos copied from the picture they send, and return all to them post paid in 10 days. Address L. P. Marshall, 1823 Ridge Ave., Phila. Pa. 3-30-1t.

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The best are the cheapest.

GLADSTONE'S CAREER.

RETIREMENT OF THE GREAT ENGLISH LEADER.

His Many Honors and Happy Home—Why He Refused a Peerage—England's Greatest Statesman in Old Age—His Latest Political Work.

The Tory press of London made a poor attempt to belittle Mr. Gladstone upon his retirement from power. They sneered at his declination of a peerage,

Mr. Gladstone and His Youngest Grandchild, Dorothy Drew.

and tried to flatter themselves into a belief that his voluntary withdrawal from the leadership of his party at the age of eighty-four years was an evidence of defeat and humiliation.

A few facts will show how far mistaken were Mr. Gladstone's critics. His retirement before the success of the Home Rule cause was due to two reasons: First, the necessity of an operation for cataract upon one of his eyes, which will deny him the use of his vision for several weeks; second, his wish to reserve his powers to building up the Liberal party under a new leader before his death. He could well afford to retire. Although in his eighty-fifth year, his powers of mind were undiminished and his last speech in Parliament, upon the necessity of abolishing the hereditary rule of the Lords, will live in English history and in the history of oratory. His act of self-abnegation will really add to his fame and his usefulness to the cause he has so long served. No English statesman and probably no statesman in history has ever placed such a record of public service to his credit.

Mr. Gladstone entered Parliament sixty-one years ago, at the age of twenty-three, and within two years became Junior Lord of the Treasury and was recognized as one of the most brilliant orators of the House of Commons. He held various offices under the Conservative party up to 1851, when he definitely joined the Liberal party, was one of the principal framers of the Free Trade legislation of that year, which definitely determined the future commercial policy and greatness of England. He quickly took a position next to Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell as the ablest Liberal leader in Parliament. The Tories viewed his desertion of their cause with great regret, as they had looked upon him as their future leader. The free trade issue being settled, Lord Derby attempted to bring him back to his old affiliations, and in 1852 offered him a seat in his cabinet. He declined, however, and that year saw the overthrow of the Tories, and Mr. Gladstone entered Palmerston's cabinet as Chancellor of the Exchequer. In this position he soon became recognized as one of the most remarkable financiers England had ever produced. His speeches upon the budget of 1853 were declared by Lord John Russell "to contain the ablest expositions of the true principles of finance ever delivered by an English statesman." On the overthrow of Lord Palmerston in 1858, and Lord Derby's accession to power again, Mr. Gladstone was asked to remain in the Tory cabinet as Chancellor of the Exchequer, but declined. He returned to power with Palmerston in 1859, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and procured the repeal of the duty on paper and the ratification of the commercial treaty between England and France. He remained one of the most commanding figures in Parliament, and, in 1865, upon the death of Lord Palmerston, became the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, and from that time forward was the master mind of his party.

Mr. Gladstone, at this time, began his work in the cause of Irish reform and in 1868 introduced a bill in favor of the disendowment of the Irish church. The bill was passed by the

Mrs. Gladstone.

Commons and rejected by the Peers. An appeal was taken to the English electors. Mr. Gladstone triumphed, and succeeded Disraeli as premier. The Irish church bill was passed in 1869, the Irish land act in 1870, the purchase of commissions in the army abolished in 1871. He procured an act abolishing confiscation of property under the English penal laws. The treaty of Washington, which introduced arbitration as the method of settling difficulties between Great Britain and the United States, was also negotiated at this time.

Mr. Gladstone, meantime, had severely repressed Fenianism in Ireland, etc., up a the adoption of a constitu- and plan of agitation under Par- ll's leadership took up the subject of Irish reform again. His subsequent career and his efforts to promote reforms in both English and Irish affairs are matters of world-wide history.

Briefly summed up, Mr. Gladstone entered public life at twenty-three, held a cabinet office at twenty-four; was sixty-one years in Parliament; was the Liberal leader in the House of Commons forty-three years; was five times Chancellor of the Exchequer and four times Premier; has accomplished more and greater reforms than any other English statesman; and voluntarily retired from public life, in the zenith of fame and power, at eighty-four years of age.

Among other long public careers may be mentioned the following: Henry Clay, forty years; John Quincy Adams, fifty-four years; M. Thiers, forty-eight years; Bismarck, forty-two years; Lord John Russell, fifty-three years; Lord Palmerston, fifty-eight years.

No more fortunate man than Mr. Gladstone in public life ever lived. Health, wealth, fame and domestic happiness have followed him through a long life. His father was Sir John Gladstone, a baronet and well-known merchant of Liverpool. He was educated at Eton and Oxford, made a tour of the continent, returned home and married at the age of twenty, and within three years entered upon his remarkable political career. His wife was Catharine, daughter of Sir Stephen Richard Glynn and Lady Littleton, and no great man ever had a wiser or more devoted companion. It is to the prudence and care of his wife that Mr. Gladstone owes in a large degree the remarkable bodily and intellectual vigor that has enabled him to perform such remarkable work in his old age. His eldest son, previous to his death, sat for some time as member for North Worcestershire. His second son, Rev. Stephen Gladstone, is rector of Hawarden. The third son, Herbert, is now member for Leeds, and gives promise of future eminence in English politics. His daughter, Helen, is a woman of rare culture and literary taste.

Mr. Gladstone's home at Hawarden castle is a very paradise of domestic happiness. He will pass his remain-

Hawarden Castle.

ing years, in the society of a devoted wife, surrounded by his children and childrens' children, having received the highest meed of fame of any Englishman of his time.

Mr. Gladstone's declination of the peerage offered by Queen Victoria is significant of the political situation in England. Taken as a whole, his political career has but one explanation—the evolution of England from a monarchy into a democracy. His methods have not been revolutionary. He has taken no step that could convulse his country or lead to bloodshed. Yet he has laid broad and deep the political principles that will soon sweep away the House of Lords and ultimately the monarchy itself. The England of the future, as Mr. Gladstone has conceived it, will be a federal republic, composed of self-governing states, with local parliaments, and represented in a central parliament composed of a House of Commons and elective Senate. He has never openly or covertly attacked the monarchy, but it is evident that the passing away of that institution in England must follow the succession to the throne of the first corrupt and ambitious king who attempts to restore the royal privilege which has, under Victoria, become a mere name.

G. H. BENEDICT.

Abe's Unruly Tongue.

"What kind of a man is your cousin Abe?" inquired one of Farmer Willet's boarders of that mild featured old man. "He doesn't seem to be very popular in the neighborhood." "Well, now, Abe ain't 'xactly pop'lar," admitted Mr. Willet. "I dunno how 'tis, but seems 's ef he hed a tremenjous fac'lty fer settin' folks on aidge. It ain't his intentions to do it, but it does appear that if ever there's a thing that had oughter be kind of glossed over an' gone 'round easy, Abe he lays it right open, an' bears down heavy on't.

"I don't cal'late," continued Mr. Willet, tapping his fingers meditatively on the broad arms of his old rocking chair, "that there's a single one of the mothers in this township but what's got somethin' laid up agin Abe; remarks 't he's made about the children an' so on, ye see.

"I persume t' say Mis' Deac'n Jenks never'll forgive him fer tellin' her, when little 'Zek'el wa'n't but a year old, that he reckoned his nose was goin' to favor his pa's. You've seen the deac'n, ain't ye? Well, that wa'n't a real encour'gin' thing fer her to hear, though the deac'n's jest as good a man's ever lived.

"An' so 'tis with 'most everythin' an' everybody. Somebody was askin' me once—'twas a school teacher that come here, an' Abe had angered her sayin' how that he was all took aback when he heerd how much younger she was 'n she appeared to be; well, she asked me, kind of nippin', how Abe was in the fam'ly circle.

"'Bless ye, ma'am,' says I, 'there ain't no "circle," fam'ly nor otherwise, where Abe is! He'u scatter the biggest circle of folks 'tever I see, an' not mean to, nuther.'"

"Abe's a smart man," said Mr. Willet, as he rose in slow, rheumatic fashion, "but I've figgered on his case consider'ble, off'n on, an' it appears t' me 'twould be better fer him if he was a plumb ecjot, or leastways jest knew his alphabet. When a man's born with a tongue like Abe's, I tell ye folks'd ruther a long sight hear him say his 'a, b, abs' th'n run any risks!"—Youth's Companion.

Warm Friends.

"Jones, the fireman, is dead. What'll we put on the floral emblem?"

"Might put on 'Admit Bearer Inside Fire Lines.'"—Hallo.

Mean, Hateful Thing!

"Fred is in an awful fix. He proposed to me last night, you know, and——"

"And you accepted him?'—Life.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

The great religious need of Boston is religion.—A Unitarian Minister.

They that have learned of the Lord Jesus to be lowly and humble of heart profit more by meditation and prayer than by reading and hearing.—St. Augustine.

It does not require any great learning to be a Christian and be convinced of the truth of the Bible. It requires an honest heart and a willingness to obey God.—A. Barnes.

No soul was ever yet saved, and no good deed was ever done, to-morrow. Be careful, dear reader, lest to-morrow shall find you beyond the world of probation!—Selected.

The good which a man doth is both the work of God and the work of man—of God as being the Author, in giving grace; of man as being the actor, in using grace.—St. Gregory.

There is religion enough in the world. It is Christianity, the religion of Christ, that the world needs. The world was religious before Christ came, and it has never ceased to have religion.—Journal and Messenger.

Seek to be a messenger of heaven. Jesus pronounced a blessing on the peacemaker. How often does a kind word quiet the passions of an angry persecutor. "A soft answer turneth away wrath."—P. P. Werner.

The man who is climbing the Alps has but to follow his guide and set his foot in the right spot before him. This is the way you and I must let Christ lead, and have him so close to us that it will be but a short way to behold him. Sometimes young Christians say to me, "I am afraid to make a public profession of Christ; I may not hold out." They have nothing to do with holding out; it is simply their duty to hold on.—Theodore L. Cuyler, D. D.

The faithful preaching of the word of God is an important factor in this day and age of the world. Only as divine truth is received and obeyed can men be saved. The plain, simple story of the cross told in the spirit is a powerful agency in awakening sinners and breaking the stubborn heart. Work done on gospel lines is much more satisfactory than anything of a merely sensational character. There is pressing need of thorough gospel work in all the churches. The masses are wearying of sickly sentimentalism. Truth, pure and scriptural, unmixed with human speculations, is the channel through which God operates in the salvation of souls. The gospel is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth.—Dr. P. P. Werner.

The Christian women of San Francisco have inaugurated a movement to restrain the sensationalism of the secular press of that city and elevate its moral tone. Committees have been appointed to circulate petitions among the women in all the churches, urging the publishers and editors to give a higher moral character to the journals which they control, to avoid sensationalism and to exclude all demoralizing advertisements. These ladies are also asking Christian women in all parts of the United States to unite in efforts to induce that part of the secular press which indulges in the sensational and impure to change their course, that their readers may be relieved from the sight and power of such evil influences.—Presbyterian Banner.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

Sparrows have so much curiosity that they will gaze in mirrors by the hour if not disturbed.

Fahrenheit at first used alcohol in making his thermometers. He was led to use mercury after experimenting with boiling water.

An English officer, being hypnotized in South Africa, began to speak in Welsh, which he had known as a child, but forgotten for twenty years.

A London electricial has demonstrated that the hardest wood may be readily sawed with a platinum-plated steel-core wire, made red-hot by electricity.

Apples grow wild in the forests of the Sandwich Islands. A recent traveller says he saw an apple forest there ten miles wide and twenty miles in length.

The idea of an ancient tropical continent at the South Pole, uniting South America, Madagascar and Australia, is arousing considerable interest and discussion in scientific circles.

Prof. Elihu Thomson says that an umbrella with brass chains hanging from the ends of the ribs makes a complete protection when held over the head during a thunder storm.

A philological statistician calculates that in the year 2000 there will be 1,700,000,000 people who speak English, and that the other European languages will be spoken by only 500,000,000 people.

Jupiter is larger than all the other planets and satellites of the solar system. The sun is a little more than 1,000 times larger than Jupiter. But Arcturus is 550,000 times larger than the sun.

The rate of growth of corals is difficult to estimate. At the meeting of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, Prof. Heilprin exhibited a specimen of Porites astroeoides which had been taken from an anchor cast in the autumn of 1885. He estimated that the annual amount of increase was scarcely one-twentieth of an inch.

A LITTLE RECREATION.

It is awful to see some people try to laugh when they are not amused.—Atchison Globe.

He—Do you believe in love at first sight? She—This is so sudden.—Yonkers Statesman.

"His Honor is at steak," said the waiter when the Judge was at dinner.—Binghamton Republican.

When a travelling theatre company is stranged it shows that it has reached the end of its rope.—Lowell Courier.

The man who dresses to please his wife should never be asked to perform any further penance.—Milwaukee Journal.

"I believe in love at first sight." "Why?" "Because at the first sight you don't really know the girl."—Chicago Record.

Geography Teacher—Now, Johnny Jones, what do we learn concerning the Sandwich Islands? Johnny—Nuthin'!—Plain Dealer.

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how far a dollar will go in the buying of Men's and Boys' SPRING CLOTHES. Our ready Cash secured cloth at less than the cost of making, and everybody knows how low wages were last winter. You get the benefit of other people's misfortunes.

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FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

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These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results. We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

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The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

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—·.o.·—

The Atlantic Refining Co.,

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

Legal Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF
BLOOM POOR DISTRICT,
From January 9th, 1893 to January 8th, 1894.
JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

Balance in hand of Treasurer Jan. 9th, 1893		$ 955 91
Cash rec'd on Bloom Duplicate '92-'93		3043 57
" " " Scott " 1892		697 75
" " " " " 1893		458 94
" " " Greenwood " 1892		698 26
" " " " " 1893		141 25
" " " Millville " 1893		120 00
" " " Sugarloaf " 1892		125 65
" " " " " 1893		110 82
" " from John M. Boyer		45 25
" " " Frank Lunger		6 60
" " " David Bittenbender		68 25
" " " Kile Judgment		5 87
" " " Sunbury Poor Direcors		6 55
" " " Linden Township Lycoming Co.		17 20
Cash rec'd from George Kressler for Wm Kressler		61 50
Cash rec'd from Proceeds of Note		492 16
" " " George Correll		25 05
" " " E. Hickey		40 00
" " " C. Dawson		2 00
" " " Valley Township Montour Co		5 00
Cash rec'd from Farm Products		83 47
" " " Sale of Horse		165 00
" " " Charles Kester		45 00
		$ 7248 11

CR.

By old orders redeemed	$ 88 43	
By new "	6071 27	
By Commission & Postage	133 75	
By note	500 00	
By balance in hands of Treasurer Jan. 8, 1894	451 66	7248 11
Orders outstanding Jan. 9, '93	88 43	
" issued from Jan. 9, '93 to Jan. 8 '94	6638 26	6726 69
Orders of 1892 redeemed	88 43	
" " 1893	6374 27	
Outstanding Jan. 8, '94	63 99	6726 69

EXPENSES FOR YEAR ENDING JAN. 8th, 1894.

Provisions and supplies	$ 297 41	
Fuel and light	104 72	
Clothing and shoes	29 85	
Furniture and bedding	21 80	
Dry goods	67 44	
Medical supplies	21 33	
Ordinary repairs	93 96	
Traveling expenses	6 80	
Farm expenses	186 92	
Incidental expenses	45 89	
Smith work	23 30	
Orders of relief	29 25	
Books and stationery	7 14	
Printing order book	4 50	
Car fare for tramps	6 03	
Notary fees	1 50	
Clothing for George Evans Elwyn, Pa.	10 00	
Moyer Bros. paint and oils	37 18	
Horse purchased from Wm. Bogart	160 00	
Paid on Waller land purchase	762 41	
" Elmer Creveling for bob sleds	30 00	
Taking Mrs. Hester Achenbach to Danville, Pa.	4 00	
Paid for clearing land	12 00	
Removing Bertha Long to Linden Pa	6 31	
Publishing statements	45 00	
C. R Cox for pump and pipe	28 16	
Paid for orders of removal	2 00	
" George Evans, Elwyn	15 00	
Eshleman & Wolf, cultivator	30 00	
C. S. Furman, harness and lap robe	12 20	
Manure for farm	27 00	
Refunded tax to A. R. Fritz	5 25	
W. C. Shaw, painting alms house	25 00	
A. L. Fritz, attorney's fees 1892	30 00	
Wm. H. Snyder, attorney's fees 1893	75 00	
J. H. Maize insurance on alms house	27 00	
Taking Polander to Ashland Hospital	8 50	
Alexander Bros. & Co., tobacco	19 85	
Coffin for Henry Williams, Bloom	15 00	
" " Kate Heller, Greenwood	16 00	
" " Wm. Fry, Bloom	15 00	
" " H. Tyke, Scott	10 00	
" " Jacob Eckenroth, Bloom	15 00	
" " Charles Dawson, Bloom	15 00	
" " Wm. C. William's Daughter, Greenwood	18 00	
Expense on John Boyer from asylum at Danville	5 00	
Thomas McBride, Steward	650 00	
J. M. Larish	100 00	
A. C. Hiday	100 00	
O. T. wilson	100 00	
C. A. Kleim	100 00	
Dr. Redeker	60 00	
Dr. Harter	60 00	
Mrs. McBride, matron	50 00	
Auditors and Clerk, 1892	25 00	
	$ 3688 60	

INSANE IN STATE HOSPITAL.

George Fox 52 1-7 weeks at $1.75	$91 25	
Jesse Kelley " " " "	91 25	
L. Z. Zahler " " " "	91 25	
Jno. Boyer 33 3-7 " " "	58 20	
Alza M. Sterner 52 1-7 weeks at $1.75	91 25	
Carrie Turrel 52 1-7 weeks at $1.75	91 25	
Jno. W. Osman 52 1-7 weeks at $1.75	91 25	
David Bittenbender 52 1-7 week at $1.75	91 25	
Wm. Kressler 48 weeks at $1.75	84 00	
Hester Achenbach 1 4-7 weeks at $1.75	2 73	
W. W. Kester 21 5-7 weeks at $1.75	43 25	$ 827 25

OUT DOOR RELIEF.

Jacob Musselman	$ 31 12	
Hannah Stauffer	80 00	
Geo. Jacoby	14 20	
Thomas Arndt	90 80	
Jacob Eckenroth	99 25	
Geo. Samuels	72 00	
Rants Dehart	1 20	
Mrs. Hiram Long	23 33	
Daniel Ingold	5 00	
Mrs. Kate Hamilton	31 38	
Mrs. Carolina Smith	37 55	
Mrs. Reimer	4 97	
Robt. Moore	11 65	
Mrs. Hester Bomboy	126 00	
Mrs. Hannah Randall	97 20	
Mrs. Hannah Remley	83 50	
Miss Annie Stookey	14 80	
Miss Ada Yohe	15 00	
Mrs. Albert Cadow	9 18	
Mrs. Harriet Creasy	1 00	
Charles Dawson	168 11	
Jacob Adams	31 80	
Mrs. Wm. Metz	7 00	
Albert Kinney	55 15	
John Thrash	13 50	
Mrs. Mary Mellick	7 40	
Robert Cook	15 78	
H. Bower	2 65	
H. Fowler	57 78	
Victoria Hock	4 00	
J. D. Miller	61 83	
Mark Creveling	29 00	
Minnie Dietterich	25 25	
Rosetta Dodson	3 45	
Mrs. Elizabeth Rimard	3 70	
Mrs. Frank Evans	49 00	
Wm. Williams	15 00	
Wm. Miller	5 00	
John Vandersliee	16 70	
James Hopper	15 80	
Wm. Hopper	75	
D. Radel	1 25	
Luke Roan	7 53	
Mrs. M. May	2 00	
A. Y. Hess	14 12	
Mrs Ball	12 75	
T. Harrington	1 00	
Mrs. J. Chromis	8 01	
Mrs. C. Remley	6 10	
Mrs. M. Mansfield	55 69	
Samuel Burnsides	13 00	1622 41
		$6138 26

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Townships comprising the Bloom Poor District met at the Alms House on the second Monday of January, 1894, that being the 8th, examined the accounts of the Treasurer and Directors from January 9th, 1893 to January 8th, 1894, and the vouchers for same and find them correct as set forth above.

ISAAC HEACOCK,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
C. M. LAUBACH,
WILLIAM MASTERS,
ROS. OZ W. ENT,
} Auditors.

PRODUCTS RAISED ON FARM.

365 Bushels Wheat	$ 71 00	
259 " Oats	116 55	
55 " Rye	19 25	
1190 " Corn Ears	297 50	
195 " Potatoes	75 60	
200 " Turnips	50 00	
6 " Beets	2 00	
4 " Onions	4 00	
4 " Beans	8 00	
14 tons of hay	224 00	
2500 Sheaves Corn Fodder	210 00	
60 Bundles Rye straw	7 50	
2500 pounds Pork	238 00	
300 " Lard	40 00	
200 " Beef	21 00	
18 Shoats Raised	52 00	
2 Calves "	22 00	
12 Turkeys "	10 40	
30 Chickens "	12 50	
250 Heads Cabbage	21 00	
1 barrel Sauer Kraut	5 00	
288 doz. Eggs	67 60	
625 pounds Butter	108 75	$1825 65

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to the Bloom Poor District, Jan. 8, 1894.

Balance Due on Duplicates.

	Dup.	Paid.	Bal.	
Bloom 1893	$3283 10	$1000 00	$2283 10	
Scott "	974 14	400 00	574 14	
Greenw'd '93	685 89	200 15	485 74	
Sugarloaf '93	356 65	93 60	263 05	
Millville '93	288 35	120 00	168 35	
			$3816 35	
Less Estimated Exonerations and Commissions			350 00	
			$3466 35	
Farm and Buildings			14500 00	
3 Horses			501 00	
6 Head of Cattle			120 00	
7 Shoats			35 00	
80 Chickens			20 00	
8 Turkeys			6 40	
2 Calves			22 00	
200 bushels Wheat			120 00	
233 " Oats			120 00	
23 " Rye			16 10	
75 " Potatoes			45 00	
500 " Corn Ears			125 00	
100 " Turnips			25 00	
3 " Beets			1 20	
2 " Onions			2 00	
2 " Beans			4 00	
8 tons hay			128 00	
2500 sheaves Corn Fodder			150 00	
30 Bundles Rye straw			4 50	
2800 pounds Pork			224 00	
300 " Lard			30 00	
200 " Beef			17 50	
150 Heads of Cabbage			6 00	
1 barrel sauer Kraut			5 00	
1 barrel vinegar			5 00	
2 tons Coal			6 00	
15 Acres Winter Grain in ground			90 00	
Furniture in Alms House			275 00	
" " Steward's House			150 00	
Farm Implements			650 00	
Harness			5 00	
70 pounds Butter			17 50	$6097 55
No. Paupers remaining in Alms House last report			13	
Admitted during year			10	
			23	
Discharged during year			8	
Died " "			1	
Remaining			14	
			23	
No. persons in Poor House Bloom			7	
No. persons in Poor House Scott			1	
No. persons in Poor House Greenwood			5	
No. persons in Poor House Sugarloaf			1	
			14	

J. M. LARISH,
A. C. HIDLAY,
O. T. WILSON,
} Directors.
ATTEST: C. A. KLEIN, Secretary.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Assigned Estate of I. W. McKelvy.

Notice is hereby given that I. W. McKelvy has made a general assignment of all his property in trust for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said I. W. McKelvy are requested to make payment at the store late of said I. W. McKelvy in Bloomsburg, to me, and those having claims to present them without delay to

3-23-6t. A. Z. SCHOCH, Assignee, Bloomsburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Lafayette Unger, dec'd.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to distribute the funds in the hands of the administrators of said estate, will meet the parties interested at the office of G Herring Esq. in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, April 7, 1894, at 10 a. m., when and where all parties interested will attend or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

W. H. RHAWN, Auditor.

3-23-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Wm. H. Yohey, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of balance in the hands of the administrator, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, March 31st, 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. A. M'KILLIP, Auditor.

3-9-4t.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

IN EFFECT FEB. 11, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., weekdays 11.15 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m. Saturday, 7.19 a. m., 4.29 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 Sunday, 7.5[illegible] a. m., 4.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.45, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 5.00 6.30, p. m Sunday, 10.20 a. m. 7.02 p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.45, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 3.15 5.00, 6.30, p. m. Sunday 7.59, 10.20 a. m., 4.29 7.02 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9. 0 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.20 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 9.35 a. m., 4.25 p. m., Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.18, 8.10, Sunday, 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.04, 8.27, 11.24 a. m., 1.37 3.27, 6.20, Sundays, 7.53, 10.13 a. m. 4.23 6.55 p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.45, 7.55, 11.24 a. m., 3.54, 7.22, 8.42, p. m. Sundays 3.45, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.54, 7.2, 9.18, p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00, Saturday only, 2.00 a. m., 4.00, 5.00 p. m.
Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues. Weekdays, Express, 7.30, 8.50 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. Accommocation, 8.10 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Sundays.—Express, 4.00, 5.15 8.00 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1894.

SOUTH.			NORTH.	
4	2		1	3
Arrive.		STATIONS.		Leave
P M	A M		A M	P M
7 35	10 40	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep	7 25	4 10
7 30	10 38	P. & R. Depot.	7 28	4 13
7 28	10 35	Bloomsburg Main street.	7 10	4 15
7 18	10 34	Irondale	7 23	4 18
7 07	10 24	Paper Mill	7 40	4 28
7 04	10 22	Lightstreet	7 43	4 29
6 51	10 12	Orangeville	7 53	4 40
6 43	10 02	Forks	8 01	4 52
6 38	9 59	Zaners	8 07	4 54
6 25	9 54	Stillwater	8 13	5 03
6 23	9 45	Benton	8 25	5 20
6 20	9 33	Edsons	8 29	5 23
6 18	9 31	Coles Creek	8 32	5 25
6 15	9 25	Sugarloaf	8 35	5 28
6 12	9 22	Laubachs	8 40	5 30
6 03	9 15	Central	8 50	5 45
6 00	9 0	Jamison City	8 55	5 50
P M	A M		A M	P M
Leave.			Arrive.	

8	6		5	7
Arrive.			Leave.	
P M	A M		A M	P M
8 30	7 10	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep.	6 10	7 50
8 25	7 05	P. & R. Depot	6 13	7 53
8 23	7 03	Bloomsburg Main Street	6 15	7 55
8 20	7 00	Irondale	6 17	7 57
8 13	6 52	Paper Mill	6 23	7 40
8 10	6 49	Lightstreet	6 26	7 43
8 09	6 40	Orangeville	6 35	7 52
P M	A M		A M	P M
Leave.			Arrive.	

Legal Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
—OF—
BRIARCREEK TWP.

ADAM SULT, Supervisor, for year ending March 12, 1894.

DR.

To amt of dup., work	$ 538 96	
" " " special	5 8 94	
" recd of A. F. Martz	42 32	
	$1100 24	

CR.

By amt work done	$ 771 79	
" pd D H. Miller, for pipes	10 00	
" " Jac. Wagner, for 500 ft p'k	9 00	
" " Headley Suit, for 2256 ft pl'k	40 60	
" " Freas Fowler pro on note	17 63	
" " B. F. Sponenberger, board'g	5 00	
" " for hardware	4 01	
" " for swearing twp officers	2 00	
" " self, services, 85 days	127 50	
" " " in bor matter	20 00	
" percentage on special tax	23 21	
" pd Headley Suit, making duplicate, returning wild lands, &c.	18 15	
By amt pd for meeting, Auditors, 1 day	1 50	
Exonerations	46 72	
	$1099 07	

EXONERATIONS.

Berwick Water Co.	$40 00
H. L. Gingher	48
H. Y. Gable	48
W. P. York	48
Amos Harman	48
C. L. Jones	48
Writer Keene	48
J. B. Lynn	50
E. G. Ruch	48
Mason Seeley	48
W. H. Woolfinger	48
Emmor Detterich	48
A. D. Farver	48
Jacob Yost	48
Walter Davis	40
	$46 72

A. F. MARTZ, Supervisor, for year ending March 13, 1893.

DR.

To bal due twp for year 1892	$ 167 37

CR.

Apr 28, 1893, pd over to Adam Sult	$12 32
Pd C. B. Jackson, Atty fees for '92	25 00
For work and plank	29 56
Pd auditors and clerk	16 00
Pd over to Adam Sult	14 00
Exonerations	1 90
	$128 78

EXONERATIONS.

Robert Gable	70
Charles Gable	60
George W. Sult	60
	$ 1 90

PAID FOR WORK DONE.

Wm. Lynn, 1 day	$ 1 10
S. E. Lynn, ¾ day	82
David Smith, 1 day	1 10
Job Grassley, ½ day	75
Wm. Grassley, ½ day	55
George Cope, ¾ day	82
S. E. Lynn, ½ day	55
Jobe Grassley, ½ day	55
Wm. Grassley, ½ day	55
Wm Lynn, "	55
R. W. Cope, "	55
Joe Kishbaugh, "	75
David Smith, "	55
R. W. Cope, 1 day	1 10
George Duke	1 10
J. W. Bower	55
Elija Bower	1 10
I. J. Bower	1 75
E. L. Stout	1 25
Jesse Adleman	1 10
A. Houck	1 10
P. Vancamp	1 10
W. W. Seybert	2 75
J. W. Smith	50
Pd for plank	2 87
	$29 56

WM. LAMON, Supervisor, for year ending March 12, 1894.

DR.

To amt of duplicate, work	$ 405 64
" " special	405 64
Received from County Treasurer	57 60
	$ 868 28

CR.

Due from year 1892	$ 59 78
To amt of work done in 1893	806 11
Pd Frank Fowler, smithing	5 95
" " spikes	1 24
Pd J. B. Martz, whiffle trees	2 01
" " water trough	4 10
Pd D H. Miller, pipe	10 00
Pd Jackson & Woodin, pipe	9 35
Pd for plank and lumber	78 80
Pd C. B. Jackson, attorney fees	25 00
Pd Low Bros, dynamite, caps, fuse	3 44
Pd G.E. Elwell, print'g statem't '92	12 00
Pd T. H. Done, on account	6 00
Pd C. B. Jackson, attorney fees	10 00
Pd self, services, 82 days	123 00
Per centage on special tax	23 21
Meeting Auditors, 1 day	1 50
Exonerations	2 61
	$1191 02

EXONERATIONS.

Nathan Lynn	48
Joseph Kishbaugh	72
John Hartman	48
George Michael	48
E. J. Stephens	48
	$ 2 64

GEORGE W. ASH, Poor Overseer for year ending March 12, 1894.

CR.

Paid Headley Suit for making dup.	$ 3 50
For self, services and car fare	8 39
To orders hour and coal	20 76
To meeting auditors, one day	1 10
	$33 65

HENRY J. EDWARDS, Poor Overseer for year ending March 12, 1894.

DR.

To amt. due twp. March 13, 1893	$ 235 02
Received April 25, 1893, from John W. Houck, Vanhorn mortgage	150 00
	$ 385 02

CR.

Mar. 13, '93, pd Sarah Sechechterly	$ 6 00
Apr. 17, '93, " " "	10 00
June 10, '93, " " "	10 00
July 5, '93, " " "	12 00
June 1, '93, paid Insane asylum, H. Humel $22.50, John Vanhorn $22.50	45 00
Paid Ann Stiler for Milton Vanhorn	11 00
Sept. 16, '93, insane asylum, H. Humel $23.00, John Vanhorn $23.00	46 00
Sept. 16, '93, paid Ann Stiler, keeping Milton Vanhorn	41 00
Sept. 16, '93, paid Klintob Bros. coffin for Milton Vanhorn	21 00
Paid insane asylum, H. Humel $23.00, John Vanhorn $23.00	46 00
Pd digging grave for Milt Vanhorn	2 00
Pd John G Jacoby, acknowledgm't	25
Pd Swayze & Co. for medicine for Lana Cook	50
Dec. 30, '93, paid L. J. Adams medical attendance Lana Cook	22 50
Pd insane asylum, H. Humel $22.75, John Vanhorn $22.75	45 50
Pd Adam Sult for order of relief	50
Pd C. C. Evans, fees	19 00
Pd for 2 bottles castor oil for Lana Cook	20
Pd car fare for self to Bloomsburg	49
Self, services 21 days	21 00
Meeting auditors	1 00
	$359 94

W. S. ASH, Collector of Poor Tax for year ending March 12, 1894.

DR.

To amount of duplicate	$ 710 43

CR.

By amount of abatement	$15 00
By amt. to com. on $300 at 3 per ct.	9 00
By amt. to com. on $193.71 at 5 per ct	9 69
Exonerations	17 43
	$51 12

EXONERATIONS.

Berwick Water Co.	$15 00
S. P. Barton	18
Cameron Jones	18
H. L. Gingher	18
Amos Harmon	18
C. L. Jones	18
Writer Keene	18
William Kishbaugh	18
J. B Lynn	21
E. G. Ruch	18
W. H. Wolfinger	18
Jacob Yost	18
Emmor Deitterick	18
W. H. Martz	24
	$17 43

R. H. SITLER,
C. E. ADAMS,
M. L. HOUSEKNECHT,
} Auditors.
Attest: HEADLEY SULT.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M	A. M.	P. M
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 5
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 38
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6 05
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	6 25
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	42
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 46
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6
Briarcreek	7 41	....	.....	6 59
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 24
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	.	7 43
Plymouth	8 34	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 08	12 03	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Malloy	8 52	4 12	.....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 18	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8 25
Duryea	9 14	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8 32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 47
Scranton	9 35	4 55	12 45	8 52
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	M

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 17	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 18	10 14	2 00	6 31
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 51	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 01
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 41	11 21	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 35	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	..	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 58	8 06
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 49	12 33	4 18	8 38
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 38	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	.....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
Northumberland	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	P. M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect Dec, 3, 1893 Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9.48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:51 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m. connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m.; New York, 10:08 p. m.; Baltimore 7:2 p. m.; Washington 8:37 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.25 p. m. Train 12 [Daily except Sunday] for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 3:34 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 1:30 a. m; New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a m.-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a m., New York 9:3[illegible] a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:55 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars to Buffalo and passenger coaches to Rochester

5:13 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester

9:56—Tr in 13 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:41 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Ralston and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.—Train 3 daily for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:20 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 12: 5 p. m., Washington 11:05 a. m., Baltimore 12:00 noon, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:09 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m., weekdays 2:00 p. m. Sunday, Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays 4.30 p. m. Sunday, Washington 3:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:12 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:05 p. m. Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:00 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 a. m. weekdays, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m., Baltimore 11:40 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:08 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 10 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED FOR INformation address D. E. WHITENIGHT, Tamaqua, Schuylkill Co., Pa. 5-5-1y.

ROOMS FOR YOUNG MEN.—M. M. PHILLIPS has very desirable furnished rooms for six young men. Bath room adjoining, for use of occupants of the rooms. Call and examine. 5-19-tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

WANTED.—Salesmen, traveling or local, salary or commission as preferred. Outfit free. Address A. H. Herendeen & Co., Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y. 3-23-4t. d.

WATER POWER MILL OF DR. JOHN F. CHAPIN at Benton, Col. Co., Pa., is for rent. Apply to CHARLES G. BARKLEY, Bloomsburg, Pa. 2-2-3t.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

MEN WANTED To take Orders. No delivering or collecting. Exper'nce not necessary. Steady employment. Best terms. Write at once and secure choice of territory. ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y. 3-9-4m.

SALES.

MAR. 30.—Shuster & Hawk will sell a car load of Illinois horses, at the Central House, Kingston, Pa. at 12.30. Liberal discount for cash.

MARCH 31.—Geo. B. Martin will sell his blacksmith shop, carpenter shop, with lot 40 feet front by 224 feet in depth, at 9 a. m. See posters.

MARCH 31.—Guy Jacoby, agent, will sell personal property, at the Central Hotel, Bloomsburg, at 10 a. m.

Justices and Constables Fee Bill.

Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1893, at the COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents

WALLER.

Miss Flora Mendenhall has gone to Bloomsburg, where she expects to stay during the summer.

Harry Kern, of Muncy Valley, is visiting friends at this place.

Howard Unger, who just recently brought a car load of horses from the west, is spending a few days with friends in this vicinity.

The Union Sunday School will elect officers for the ensuing year on the second Sunday in April.

Orlando Hess has returned from Washington, where he graduated from a medical college and is now a veterinary surgeon. He is an ardent lover of animals and has spent much time in their study, which argues well for his usefulness, as well as future success.

CHILDREN WHO SUFFER

from scrofulous, skin or scalp diseases, ought to be given Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for purifying the blood. For children who are puny, pale or weak, the "Discovery" is a tonic which builds up both flesh and strength. What is said of it for children applies equally to adults. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets at work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, rouses every organ into natural action, and brings back health and strength. In recovering from "grippe," or in convalescence from pneumonia, fevers, and other wasting diseases, it speedily and surely invigorates and builds up the whole system.

For all diseases caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, as Dyspepsia and Biliousness, if it doesn't benefit or cure in every case, the money is returned.

John Smith will occupy H. J. Hirleman's house the coming year, as Mr. Hirleman moved to Benton on Tuesday.

Jacob Hirleman moved on the old homestead last week, which he intends farming. His mother, Mrs. Sarah Hirleman, moved in his house.

Another cold wave of winter weather came over this mountainous region Monday morning and how long it will stay is uncertain, but we undoubtedly have some more such weather to our credit yet in payment for so many beautiful March days.

William Butt expects to go to the Bloomsburg Normal after the close of his term of teaching, while Messrs. Shultz and Yorks are going to attend school in Williamsport.

Rev. Minsker has been suffering from rheumatism for some time and for the last two weeks has been confined to his house, being unable to fill his appointment.

George Hirleman, the senior resident of this place, has been housed for several months with rheumatism.

LIGHT STREET.

Miss Bertha Potter who is employed with J. R. Townsend at Bloomsburg, spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. B. W. Drake.

Mrs. Catharine Oman relict of Geo. Oman decd. died at the residence of her son-in-law Jacob Hartman of Grovania on Saturday Morning last aged 85 years 5 mos. and a few days. She having been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for seventy years.

Rev. R. E. Wilson officiated at the funeral of Mrs. Oman using as his text, the 8th verse, 5th chapter, 2nd Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians.

Mr. Mark Creasy spent Friday and Saturday among friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Case of Numedia are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Silas Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Keller of Grovania visited friends in town last week.

As this is near moving time we have chronicled a few changes.

Rev. Artman will move from Espy to house vacated by C. B. Ent who moves to Bloomsburg.

H. E. Heacock goes to Bloomsburg to property lately purchased of Wm. Ringrose.

M. L. Keller to property vacated by Heacock.

Mrs. Keller to property of Jacob Gerard.

Albert Young to house vacated by Mrs. Keller.

Leu Darrah to house vacated by Young.

Chas. H. Lee to Bloomsburg.

Whitmer Gowling to property of Mrs. C. H. Lee.

Chas. Eckroth to house vacated by Gowling.

Dr. Smith to house vacated by Eckroth.

L. M. Pettit to the house latley built on lot.

Alfred Kline and David Howell to house vacated by Pettit and Smith.

Isaac Crawford to property vacated by Harry Townsend, who moved to the farm of Mrs. Townsend's in Mt. Pleasant.

Will Crawford goes to Bloomsburg.

Albert Dent to property vacated by Crawford.

Will Roup from property of J. M. Shew to Mary Ent's house.

Harry Yocum to house of Mrs. Ettie McDowell.

J. E. White comes from Buckhorn to house vacated by C. B. Melick.

Josh. Strauser from the Getty farm in Orange twp. to property vacated by J. D. Terwilliger, he going to property of Jacob Hirleman.

Mrs. Ettie Townsend to property of Mrs. Mary Ent, from Martha Brown Est.

Nathan Smith from property of Alfred Irvin to Brown property, Thus the town will get quite a stir.

H. C. Kelchner to property of Isaac Reighard.

J. M. C. Rank from Scranton to his own property vacated by Kelchner.

Degrees of Heat In Incubators.

Incupators are usually run at 103 degrees above zero. One very successful hatcher runs his at 102½ degrees, while another almost or quite as successfut runs his at 104 degrees. Not a few failures in hatching have been due to the incorrect registering of the temperature by the thermometer. If the thermometer indicates a less degree than 102½ degrees, no alarm need be felt—the hatching may be delayed a little, but that is not a serious matter—but if the thermometer goes above 110 then there is good cause for alarm.

There is a possibi ity that absolute unformity of heat may be a disadvantage in hatching, and yet few are willing to trust to much variation. The variation secured by the taking out of the eggs for turning is considered ample for the requirements of a successful hatch, and the advice given by a writer in American Agriculturist is to secure as great a uniformity of temperature as possible.

Doctor to Patient.—"Why you are using the wrong medicine." "No, sir, the right medicine, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills." 2t.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a **distressing rash,** by **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally **covered from head to foot** with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in **great distress** about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected **a complete cure,** much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, **he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of**

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Of Interest to United Presbyterians.

United Presbyterians and others who contemplate attending the meeting of the United Presbyterian General Assembly, which meets in Albany, Oregon, next May, should take advantage of the offer made by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. to delegates and their friends who think of making this delightful trip. We would suggest that all such address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa., who will be pleased to answer all questions and give you the necessary information concerning the accommodations furnished by the company he represents. This meeting promises to be one of unusual interest. Many persons who are not delegates or United Presbyterians think of joining the party. 3-16-3t

THE FATHER AND HIS BOY.

Don't be a hypocrite before your boy, writes Robert J. Burdette in the first paper of the series "Before He is Twenty" in the April *Ladies' Home Journal.* When he believes you to be infallible don't encourage the belief. Take him into your life as you desire to be taken into his. Don't tell him that when you were a boy you never gave your parents a moment's uneasiness, were never cross to your little sister, never disobeyed your teacher, never cruel to dumb animals, and always kept the Golden Rule. Be honest with him above all things. Don't be too dignified with him. The more he loves you, the more he lives in your arms, the more he plays with you and the less he fears you, the more profoundly will he respect you. Pity the man, who, in order to secure and retain proper respect from his children, has to wear at all times an uncomfortable veneer of artificial dignity.

I Can Procure You Money

for the purchase of real estate, the erection of buildings or making of other improvements on lands or to pay off an incumberence at a very low rate of interest and you can have from 5 to 20 years time to repay loan in easy monthly installments. Loans are made on either farm or city property. Building loans are made and the amount of loan advanced as work progresses. Call on or address

J. F. HARKINS,
Evans Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.
8-25-tf.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

The undersigned has several houses for rent. Apply to Dr. H. A. Robbins, Bloomsburg. 1 26-10t.

Piano For Sale.

Any one desiring to purchase a second hand piano in good condition, and very cheap, can get information by calling at this office. tf.

Death.

Died in Orangeville, on March 21, Mrs. Alverrtta B. Neyhard, consort of Mr. Amos Neyhard, aged 40 years, 2 months and 12 days.

An Unpublished Incident About General Grant.

HOW HE HAPPENED TO USE A PHRASE THAT HAS BECOME ALMOST AS CELEBRATED AS "LET US HAVE PEACE."

Shortly before his death General Grant while in conversation with a distinguished statesman, still living, used these prophetic words: "The greatest of all World's Expositions will soon be held in some one of our large cities, and within itself this Exposition will compose a Magic City.'

At the time this conversation took place the location of the World's Fair had not been fixed; in fact the holding of the Fair itself had not been decided upon, but General Grant, with that prophetic instinct which characterizes all great men, saw that it was one of the necessities of the future, and he knew that when it came it would be the grandest Exposition the world had ever seen.

The curious feature about this incident, however, is the fact that the General gave the title to the greatest and best of all the World's Fair art portfolios nearly eight years before the Fair was opened, and the publishers of "The Magic City" adopted that title without knowing that he had used the expression referred to. The title was suggested by a member of the firm at a meeting of the executive board, and it was immediately accepted on account of its appropriateness. Some weeks later, after the publication of the first number of "The Magic City," another member of the publishing house exhibited a copy to the statesman with whom the conversation had been held, when he immediately exclaimed with considerable excitement, "Why, you have adopted General Grant's title." He then related the circumstances of the conversation, and concluded with a warm compliment to "The Magic City," which he declared was the finest specimen of photograpic art work he had ever seen, a credit not only to the publishers but to the World's Fair and our country as well. "You have also," said he, "done credit to the memory of General Grant by adopting a title which he was first to suggest, even though it was done unconsciously on your part. I am truly glad to see so splendid a work associated with the old hero's name."

The success of "The Magic City" is phenomenal, and much of this success is due to the title, although of course the title alone could not sell the work. It not only has the right title, but it is also beyond all comparison the most beautiful as well as the only complete representation of the World's Fair and Midway Plaisance, with all their features. Dont fail to get a sample copy of this great work. You will certainly regret it if you do. Sample copies can be had at the office of THE COLUMBIAN, or by mail for ten cents. We are now issuing No. 1.

We hope those who have been getting "The Magic City" will speak to their friends about it, for it is certainly a great treat to have such a gloriously beautiful work in our homes.

The Lehigh Valley Traction Company, at whose head are Congressman Tom L. Johnson and his brother, Albert L. Johnston, which already owns 35 miles of electric road in Allentown and vicinity, will extend its line to Easton, a distance of 15 miles. It will inaugurate a five cent fare from one end of the line to the other, a distance of 20 miles.

DR. KILMER'S **SWAMP-ROOT**

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel,
Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

Bright's Disease,
Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint,
Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder,
Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free- Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

E. A. RAWLINGS.
—DEALER IN—
All Kinds of Meat,
Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.
CENTRE STREET,
C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CASTORIA

for **Infants and Children.**

"**Castoria** is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG
LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY
Capital Stock, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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B. F. SHARPLESS; J. L. DILLON.
C. W. NEAL A. G. BRIGGS, DR. I. W. WILLITS,
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11-19-tf

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WATCHES CLOCKS JEWELRY
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Eyes examined free of charge.
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Don't Get Yourself in a Box
BY BUYING **SHOES** OF AN UNCERTAIN QUALITY.

It's a risk you can't afford to run—can't afford any way when we can supply you with an article that is beyond question. We handle the best makes of Shoes for Children. BOYS need no longer wear girls' shoes as we have a line made especially for the small Boys. Ladies who wear Spring Heeled Shoes will find a good assortment at the store of W. C. MCKINNEY.

W. C. McKINNEY, BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. . Clark's Building, Main street.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00
No. 27. Surrey Harness.

$37.50
No. 1284, Top Buggy.

$43.00
No. 5, Farm Wagon.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the **Oldest and Largest** manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—ship with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Why pay an agent $150 to $50 to order for you? Write your own order. Boxing free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed same as sell for $60 to $85. **Surreys, $65 to $100** same as sell for $100 to $130. **Top Buggies, $37.50,** as fine as sold for $85. **Phætons, $66 to $100. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons** and **Road Carts.** BICYCLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

Our Harness are sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

$23.50
No. 1, Farm Harness.

Single, $6 to $20
Double Buggy, $15-$55
Farm, $16 to $23.50.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.
2 per cent. off for each with order. Send 4c. in stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

$75
No. 781, Surrey.

$26
No. 727, Road Wagon.

$55
Elkhart Bicycle, 28in. wheels, pneumatic tires, weldless steel tubing, drop forgings.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.